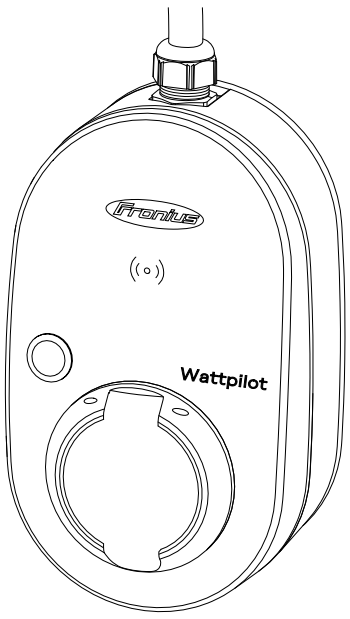
Operating Instructions

Fronius Wattpilot
Go 11 J 2.0 / 22 J 2.0
Go 22 J 2.0 AUS
Home 11 J 2.0 / 22 J 2.0



EN | Operating Instructions

42,0426,0435,EA 018-13042026

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General information

Safety information

Explanation of warnings and safety instructions

The warnings and safety instructions in these instructions are intended to protect people from possible injury and the product from damage.

⚠ DANGER!

Indicates an immediately dangerous situation
Serious injury or death will result if appropriate precautions are not taken.
▶ Action step to escape the situation

⚠ WARNING!

Indicates a potentially dangerous situation
Death or serious injury may result if appropriate precautions are not taken.
▶ Action step to escape the situation

⚠ CAUTION!

Indicates a potentially dangerous situation
Minor or moderate injury may result if appropriate precautions are not taken.
▶ Action step to escape the situation

NOTE!

Indicates impaired work results and/or damage to the device and components

The warnings and safety instructions are an integral part of these instructions and must always be observed to ensure the safe and proper use of the product.

Safety instructions and important information

The device has been manufactured in line with the state of the art and according to recognized safety standards.

⚠ WARNING!

Incorrect operation or misuse
Serious to fatal injuries to the operator or third parties as well as damage to the device and other property of the operator may result.
▶ All persons involved in the commissioning, maintenance, and servicing of the device must be appropriately qualified and have knowledge of working with electrical installations.
▶ Read these operating instructions in full and follow them carefully and precisely.
▶ The operating instructions must always be kept to hand wherever the device is being used.

IMPORTANT!
In addition to the operating instructions, observe the following general and local rules:
- Accident prevention
- Fire protection
- Environmental protection

IMPORTANT!
Labels, warning notices, and safety symbols are located on the device. A description can be found in these operating instructions.

IMPORTANT!
All safety and danger notices on the device:
- Must be kept in a legible state
- Must not be damaged/marked
- Must not be removed
- Must not be covered, have anything stuck on them, or painted over

⚠ WARNING!

Tampered-with and non-functioning protection devices
Serious to fatal injuries as well as damage to the device and other property of the operator may result.
- ▶ Never bypass or disable protection devices.
- ▶ Any protection devices that are not fully functional must be repaired by an authorized specialist before the device is switched on.

⚠ WARNING!

Loose, damaged, or under-dimensioned cables
An electric shock can be fatal.
- ▶ Use undamaged, insulated, and adequately dimensioned cables.
- ▶ Fasten the cables according to the specifications in the operating instructions.
- ▶ Loose, damaged, or under-dimensioned cables must be repaired or replaced immediately by an authorized specialist.

NOTE!

Installations or modifications to the device
The device may be damaged
- ▶ Do not carry out any alterations, installations, or modifications to the device without first obtaining the manufacturer's permission.
- ▶ Damaged components must be replaced.
- ▶ Only use original spare parts.

Safety

⚠ WARNING!

Danger due to incorrect operation and incorrectly performed work.
This can result in serious injury and damage to property.
- ▶ Read and understand this document.
- ▶ Read and understand all the Operating Instructions for the system components, especially the safety rules.

⚠ WARNING!

Danger from electromagnetic fields for persons with pacemakers and defibrillators!
This can result in serious injury.
- ▶ Persons with pacemakers must maintain a distance of at least 60 cm.
- ▶ Persons with defibrillators must maintain a distance of at least 40 cm.

⚠ WARNING!

Danger due to open or damaged housing!
This can result in severe personal injury and damage to property due to high voltage and/or fire.
- ▶ Do not use the device if the housing is damaged or open.
- ▶ Send in the device for repair.

⚠ WARNING!

Danger from loose parts in the housing!
This can result in severe personal injury and damage to property due to high voltage and/or fire.
- ▶ Do not use the device if there are loose parts in the housing.
- ▶ Send in the device for repair.

⚠ WARNING!

Danger due to cables!
Damaged or exposed cables can result in severe personal injury and damage to property.
- ▶ Do not use the device if the cables attached to or plugged into the device are damaged.
- ▶ Adequately support the weight of the device and the charging cable.
- ▶ Provide mechanical relief for the cables.
- ▶ Lay the charging cable securely to avoid the risk of tripping over the charging cable.

⚠ WARNING!

Danger due to wet or dirty connectors!
Charring caused by prolonged usage can result in severe personal injury and damage to property.
- ▶ Only mount the device vertically.
- ▶ Dry wet connectors in a de-energized state.
- ▶ Clean soiled connectors in a de-energized state.

⚠ WARNING!

Danger from gassing vehicle batteries!
This can result in serious injury.
- ▶ Only use in well-ventilated areas.

⚠ WARNING!

Danger from driving away with the charging cable connected!
This can result in severe personal injury or damage to property.
- ▶ Disconnect the charging cable from the electric vehicle before driving away.
- ▶ Do not bypass the safety device of the electric vehicle.

⚠ WARNING!

Danger due to excessive load!
This can result in severe personal injury or damage to property.
- ▶ The load when operating the device with an earthed plug must not exceed 10 A.
- ▶ The earthed socket outlet must be suitable for continuous operation at 10 A.
- ▶ Check for heat generation after each use.
- ▶ The device and the sockets must not overheat.

⚠ CAUTION!

Danger due to excessive charging current!
Fires or damage to the in-house installation may result.
- ▶ Observe the maximum permissible current at the connected socket.
- ▶ If the maximum charging current is not known, charge with the lowest possible charging current.
- ▶ Only use original adapters. An automatic reduction of the charging current to 16 A by plugging in the adapter is only possible in conjunction with the original adapters.

⚠ CAUTION!

Danger due to heat generation on the device!
The build-up of heat can lead to lasting damage and even fire.
- ▶ Never cover the device during charging.
- ▶ Unwind the cable completely from a cable drum.
- ▶ Observe the correct installation position.

Never pull the plug out of the plug connection by the cable!

Observe the specifications of the grid operator regarding 1-phase charging and the asymmetrical network load that may result.

The device has a built-in residual current protection module with residual current detection (20 mA AC and 6 mA DC). Observe the national standards. A separate type A residual current circuit breaker and an automatic circuit breaker must be connected upstream for each Wattpilot.

The device may only be operated at the following connections:
- CEE red 32 A, 3-phase, 400 V
- CEE red 16 A, 3-phase, 400 V
- With original adapters:
  - CEE red 16 A, 3-phase, 400 V
  - CEE red 32 A, 3-phase, 400 V
  - CEE blue 16 A, 1-phase, 230 V
  - Earthed plug 16 A, 1-phase, 230 V

In case of defective adapters or defective CEE plugs, send the device in for repair.

Environmental conditions

Operation or storage of the device outside the stipulated area will be deemed as not in accordance with the intended use.

Electromagnetic fields

During operation, due to the high electrical voltages and currents, local electromagnetic fields (EMF) occur in the environment around the inverter and the Fronius system components as well as in the area of the PV modules including the supply lines.

In the case of exposure to humans, the required limit values are observed when the products are used in line with the intended use and the recommended distance of at least 20 cm is observed.

If these limit values are complied with, according to current scientific knowledge, no health-endangering effects from EMF exposure are to be expected. If wearers of prostheses (implants, metal parts in and on the body) as well as active physical aids (pacemakers, insulin pumps, hearing aids, etc.) are in the vicinity of components of the PV system, they must consult with the responsible doctor regarding possible health risks.

EMC measures

In certain cases, even though a device complies with the standard limit values for emissions, it may affect the application area for which it was designed (e.g., when there is equipment that is susceptible to interference at the same location or if the site where the device is installed is close to either radio or television receivers). If this is the case, the operator is obliged to take action to rectify the situation.

Surge protection device

The device has an integrated surge protection device (SPD). This can negatively affect the insulation measurement. According to normative specifications, carry out the insulation measurement with a reduced voltage of 250 V DC and a resistance of >=1 MΩ. During the measurement, the Wattpilot displays the status code **Ground fault detected** (see Status codes).

Alternatively, disconnect the Wattpilot from the power supply and carry out the insulation measurement directly on the grid lead with a voltage of 500 V DC.

General

Symbols on the device

The symbols on the Fronius Wattpilot must not be removed or painted over. The notices and symbols warn against incorrect operation that may result in serious injury and damage.

Symbols on the rating plate:

IC-CPD marking – in-cable control and protection device (IC-CPD) with unswitched ground conductor for supplying electric vehicles in charging mode 2.

Cold environment – the device is protected against cold and suitable for use in temperatures down to minus 25 °C.

CE label – confirms compliance with applicable EU directives and regulations. The product has been tested by a specific notified body.

WEEE marking – waste electrical and electronic equipment must be collected separately and recycled in an environmentally sound manner in accordance with the European Directive and national law.

RoHS marking – the product complies with the requirements of the EU Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment. See RoHS statement.

UKCA marking – confirms compliance with applicable UK directives and regulations.

RCM marking – tested according to the requirements of Australia and New Zealand.

How information is presented in the document

The conventions regarding how information is presented in the document, which are set out below, have been defined in order to increase the readability and comprehensibility of the document.

Application notes

IMPORTANT! Indicates application notes and other useful information. It does not indicate a harmful or dangerous situation.

Software

Software functions and elements of a graphical user interface (e.g., buttons, menu items) are highlighted in the text with this **mark up**.

Example: Click **Save**.

Instructions for action

1 Action steps are displayed with consecutive numbering.

✓ *This symbol indicates the result of the action step or the entire instruction.*

Target group

This document provides detailed information and instructions to ensure that all users can use the device safely and efficiently.

- The information is intended for the following groups of people:
  - **Technical specialists:** People with appropriate qualifications and fundamental electronic and mechanical knowledge, who are responsible for the installation, operation, and maintenance of the device.
  - **End users:** People that use the device in daily operation and want to understand its basic functions.
- Regardless of any qualifications, only perform the activities listed in this document.
- All persons involved in the commissioning, maintenance, and servicing of the device must be appropriately qualified and have knowledge of working with electrical installations.
- The definition of professional qualifications and their applicability are subject to national law.

Data security

With regard to data security, the user is responsible for:

- Backing up any changes made to the factory settings
- Saving and storing personal settings

NOTE!

Data security for network and Internet connection

Unsecured networks and a lack of safeguards can result in data loss and unauthorized access. Observe the following points for safe operation:

- ▶ Operate inverters and system components on a private, secure network. A WiFi network is considered secure if security standard WPA 2 is satisfied as a minimum.
- ▶ Keep the network devices (e.g., WiFi routers) up to date with the latest technology.
- ▶ Keep the software and/or firmware updated.
- ▶ Use a wired network to ensure a stable data connection.
- ▶ For security reasons, do not make inverters and system components accessible from the Internet via port forwarding or Port Address Translation (PAT).
- ▶ Use the solutions provided by Fronius for monitoring and remote configuration.
- ▶ The optional communication protocol Modbus TCP/IP[1)] is an unsecured interface. Only use Modbus TCP/IP if no other secured data communication protocol (MQTT[2)]) is possible (e.g., compatibility with older Smart Meters).

[1)] TCP/IP - Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol

[2)] MQTT - Message Queuing Telemetry Protocol

Copyright

Text, illustrations, and other media correspond to the technical state of the art at the time of publication. Fronius reserves the right to make changes. If you have any suggestions for improvement or have found a mistake in this document, we would be most grateful for your comments.

Fronius Wattpilot

Intended use

The Fronius Wattpilot Go 11 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS is a mobile charging station for charging electric vehicles for connection to an AC/three-phase network.

The Fronius Wattpilot Home 11 J 2.0 / Home 22 J 2.0 is a charging station for charging electric vehicles for fixed connection to an AC/three-phase network.

The Wattpilot may only be used for the purpose of charging battery-powered electric vehicles and plug-in hybrid vehicles in conjunction with the corresponding adapters and cables.

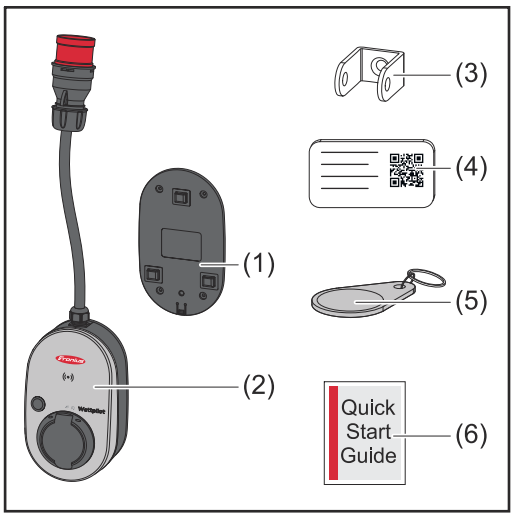
Intended use also includes complying with all the instructions in these operating instructions.

The following circumstances shall be deemed to be not in accordance with intended use:
- Use other than or in excess of the intended use.
- Making any modifications to the Wattpilot that have not been expressly approved by Fronius.
- Installation of components that are not expressly recommended or sold by Fronius.

Scope of supply

Depending on the product variant, the scope of delivery differs as follows.

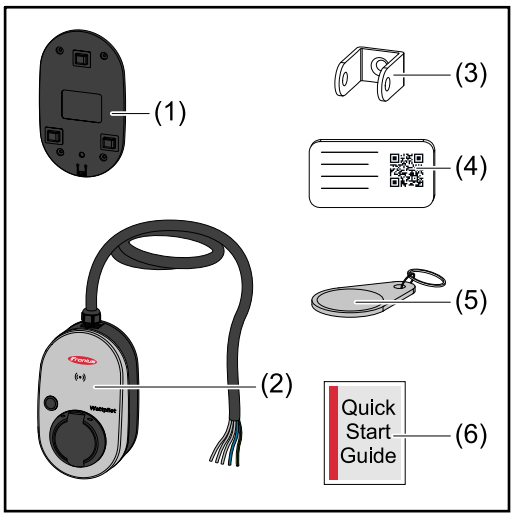
Fronius Wattpilot Go 11 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS*



(1) Mounting bracket, incl. screws and dowels
(2) Wattpilot Go 11 J 2.0 or Wattpilot Go 22 J 2.0
(3) Anti-theft device
(4) Reset card
(5) ID chip
(6) Quick Guide

*The scope of delivery for the Fronius Wattpilot Go 22 J 2.0 AUS differs from the other product variants by the plug type.

Fronius Wattpilot Home 11 J 2.0 / Home 22 J 2.0



(1) Mounting bracket, incl. screws and dowels
(2) Wattpilot Home 11 J 2.0 or Wattpilot Home 22 J 2.0
(3) Anti-theft device
(4) Reset card
(5) ID chip
(6) Quick Guide

Accessories

NOTE!

Only use original adapters for the operation of the Wattpilot!
The CEE plugs (see IEC 60309) of the adapter set differ from those of other suppliers due to their design with a reed contact.
▶ Use original adapter sets.

Accessories, optional

Item designation	Item number
Type 2 charging cable, 32 A, 22 kW, 2.5 m	4,240,419
Type 2 charging cable, 32 A, 22 kW, 5.0 m	4,240,180
Type 2 charging cable, 32 A, 22 kW, 7.5 m	4,240,420
ID chips, 10 pieces	4,240,181
Mounting plate Go 2.0 (mounting bracket)	4,240,421
Type 2 wall bracket (cable wall bracket)	4,240,422
Adapter set Go 11 2.0, CEE adapter 16 A to - CEE plug, red, 32 A (3-phase) - CEE plug, blue, 16 A (1-phase, camping plug) - Earthed plug type F 16 A (household socket)	4,240,405
Adapter Go 11 CEE32 red 2.0, (3-phase)	4,240,406
Adapter Go 11 CEE16 blue 2.0, (1-phase)	4,240,407
Adapter Go 11 type F plug 2.0 (household socket)	4,240,408
Adapter set Go 22 2.0, CEE adapter 32 A to - CEE plug, red, 16 A (3-phase) - CEE plug, blue, 16 A (1-phase, camping plug) - Earthed plug type F 16 A (household socket)	4,240,410
Adapter Go 22 CEE16 red 2.0, (3-phase)	4,240,411
Adapter Go 22 CEE16 blue 2.0, (1-phase)	4,240,412
Adapter Go 22 type F plug 2.0 (household socket)	4,240,413

Suitable generators from third-party manufacturers

Suitable generators can be inverters or wind power plants, for example. A prerequisite for compatibility with external generators is that no other self-consumption controllers (e.g., battery, power-to-heat) are operated in parallel. This can lead to photovoltaics optimization (PV optimization) malfunctions. The proportion of energy consumed by other loads is not taken into account in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app, as the power is only known at the grid connection point.

Requirement:
- Fronius Smart Meter (at the feed-in point)*

* For connection via Modbus RTU, the generator requires a Fronius Datamanager Box 2.0 (item number 4,240,125).

For more information, see Data communication with inverter.

Suitable inverters

Compatibility with the connected devices (see list below), suitable data communication, and a Fronius Smart Meter at the feed-in point are prerequisites for using certain Wattpilot functions (e.g., PV surplus).

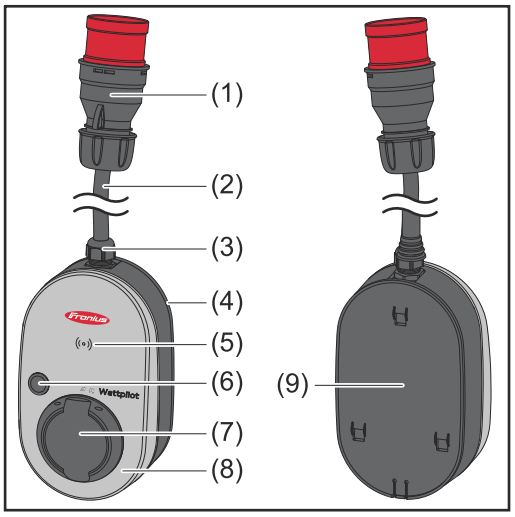
Suitable Fronius inverters
- Fronius GEN24
- Fronius Tauro
- Fronius Verto
- Fronius Symo Hybrid
- Fronius SnapINverter (except light versions)
- Fronius IG*
- Fronius IG Plus*
- Fronius IG TL**
- Fronius CL*

*Requirement:
- Fronius Datamanager 2.0 (item number 4,240,036,Z), or
- Fronius Datamanager Box 2.0 (item number 4,240,125)

**Requirement:
- Fronius Datamanager Box 2.0 (item number 4,240,125)

Keys and symbols

Product overview



(1) CEE plug
(2) Connection cable
(3) Strain-relief device
(4) Housing
(5) Card reader
(6) Pushbutton
(7) Type 2 junction box
(8) LED ring
(9) Rating plate

Symbols on front of the device:

Kartenleser
The symbol shows the location of the card reader installed in the device where ID chips can be authenticated or taught-in or the Wattpilot can be reset using the reset card.

Eco Mode
This symbol indicates operation in Eco Mode; the first LED lights up white.

Next Trip Mode
This symbol indicates operation in Betrieb im Next Trip Mode; the second LED lights up white.

Card reader

Behind the symbol ((o)) is the card reader for reading ID chips and the reset card.

The card reader uses RFID (radio-frequency identification). RFID is the transmitter-receiver technology for automatic and contactless identification with radio waves.

Pushbutton functions

The level of the charging current can be set or the operating mode changed by pressing the pushbutton.

Pressing for less than 0.5 s

Briefly pressing the pushbutton changes the operating mode. The charging modes are
- Standard Mode
- Eco Mode
- Next Trip Mode

The selected charging mode (see Different charging modes on page 30) is indicated by the LED status indicator (see LED status indicator on page20); in Standard Mode no operating mode LED lights up.

Pressing for over 2.0 s

Repeatedly pressing the pushbutton changes the preset charging current (in amperes). The level of the set charging current is indicated by the LED status indicator (see LED status indicator on page 20).

Pressing for over 10 s

The WiFi hot spot password is reset. This function is available from software version 41.7.

The level of the preset charging current can be adjusted in the app (see Current level on page 57).

Standard settings
- Fronius Wattpilot Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0: 6 A, 10 A, 12 A, 14 A, 16 A
- Fronius Wattpilot Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS: 10 A, 16 A, 20 A, 24 A, 32 A

ID chip

The ID chip can be used to personalize access to the Fronius Wattpilot. The ID chip is used for authentication and for recording user-specific charging amounts.

In the app settings, authentication for charging can be activated under "Access management" and "Authentication required" (see Access management on page 60). Charging with authentication activated can be carried out after scanning the supplied ID chip or by providing confirmation in the app. To scan, hold the ID chip directly in front of the card reader of the Wattpilot.

Each ID chip can be assigned a name in the app under "ID chips". The stored charging amount per ID chip can be viewed in this menu (see ID chips on page 62).

No authentication is required in order to assign the charging amount to the ID chips.

Reset card

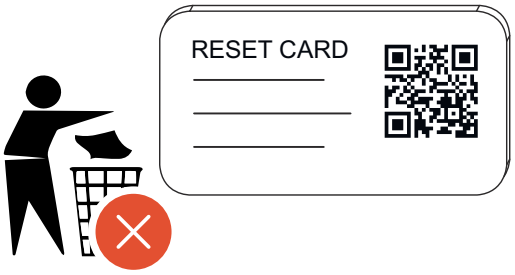
The reset card resets all settings (e.g. access management, WLAN, and LED settings) to the factory settings. The device can also be reset using the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app. The taught-in ID chips and the corresponding charging amounts continue to be stored.

The following information is printed on the reset card.
- "Serial number" – serial number of the Wattpilot
- "Hot spot SSID" – WLAN network name of the Wattpilot
- "Hot spot key" – WLAN password of the Wattpilot
- "QR code" – key to connect the app to the Wattpilot WLAN hot spot

Resetting the Wattpilot

1 Hold the reset card in front of the card reader.

2 All LEDs briefly light up red.



NOTE!

Keep the reset card safe!
The reset card contains all access data.

▶ **TIP:** Place the reset card in the supplied self-adhesive transparent bag and keep it in a safe place.

LED status indicator

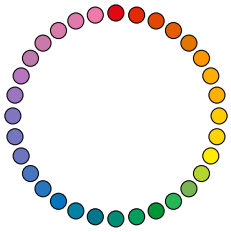
The LED status indicator on the Wattpilot indicates whether the system is switched on and the current system status of the Wattpilot. One LED represents one ampere (1 A). A maximum of 32 A is displayed.
The first two LEDs indicate the currently active operating mode. If these do not light up white, the Wattpilot is in standard mode—charging takes place with the maximum set current without taking surplus PV electricity and flexible electricity tariffs into account.

Eco Mode
The Wattpilot is in Eco Mode.

- The first LED lights up white.
- The first LED flashes orange (see chapter Status codes on page 78).
- The first LED flashes red (see chapter Status codes on page 78).

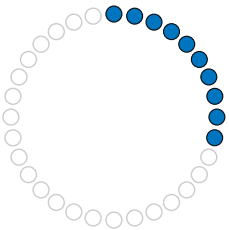
Next Trip Mode
The Wattpilot is in Next Trip Mode.

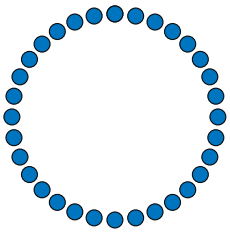
- The second LED lights up white.
- The second LED flashes orange (see chapter Status codes on page 78).
- The second LED flashes red (see chapter Status codes on page 78).



Starting
The Wattpilot is starting up or restarting.

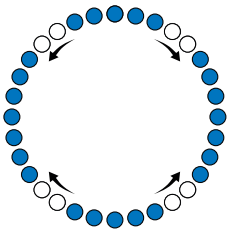
- The LEDs light up in rainbow colors.





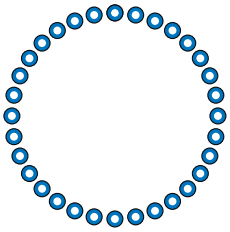
Ready
The Wattpilot is ready for operation. The number of LEDs that light up indicates the set charging current. Each LED represents 1 ampere (A). A maximum of 32 A can be displayed, whereby the first two LEDs are reserved for the charging modes.

- A few blue LEDs light up = low charging current (e.g., 10 LEDs = 10 A).
- Several/all blue LEDs light up = high charging current (e.g., 32 LEDs = 32 A).



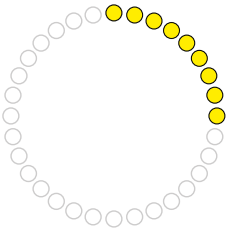
Enable
The Wattpilot must be activated via the app or an ID chip.

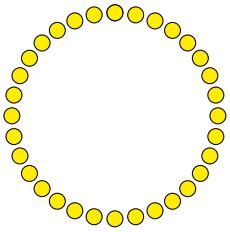
- The LEDs light up blue, four pairs of LEDs run in a quarter circle from the top and bottom towards each other.



Waiting
The Wattpilot is waiting for cheap electricity from a photovoltaic system or electricity provider, or the charging timer is active.

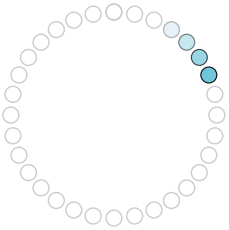
- The LEDs flash blue in the number of amperes set.

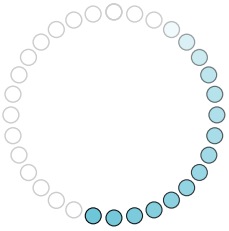




Wait for car
The Wattpilot recognizes the connected vehicle and the set charging parameters. Charging has been enabled by the charging station but not yet started by the car.

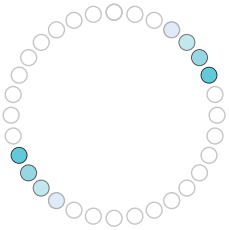
- A few yellow LEDs light up when the charging current is low.
- Several/all yellow LEDs light up when the charging current is high.

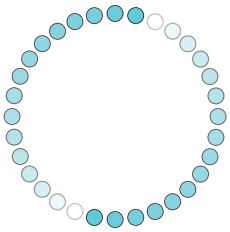




1-phase charging
The Wattpilot is carrying out 1-phase (230 V) charging with low to high charging current.

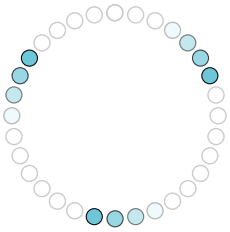
- One series of blue LEDs moves in a clockwise direction.
- The level of charging current is indicated by the number of LEDs and the speed of rotation.

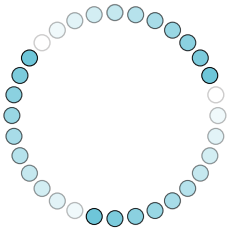




2-phase charging
The Wattpilot is carrying out 2-phase charging with low to high charging current.

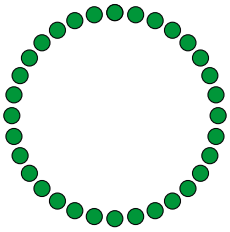
- Two series of blue LEDs move in a clockwise direction.
- The level of charging current is indicated by the number of LEDs and the speed of rotation.





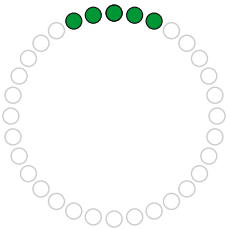
3-phase charging
The Wattpilot is carrying out 3-phase (400 V) charging with low to high charging current.

- Three series of blue LEDs move in a clockwise direction.
- The level of charging current is indicated by the number of LEDs and the speed of rotation.



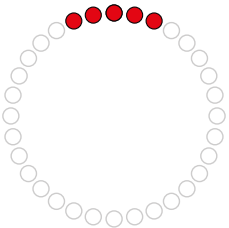
Charging finished
The charging process is complete.

- All LEDs light up green.



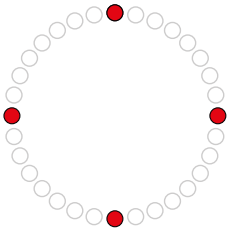
ID chip detected
The Wattpilot has detected an authorized ID chip.

- Five LEDs light up green.



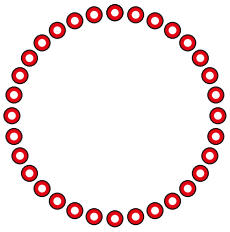
Invalid value
Wattpilot displays an invalid input. Pressing the push-button was not permitted or an ID chip was detected but not authorized.

- Five LEDs light up red.



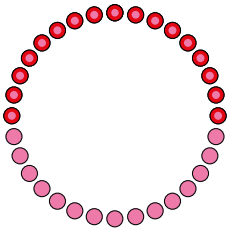
Grounding test deactivated
The grounding test is deactivated.

- Four LEDs light up at 3, 6, 9, and 12 o'clock.



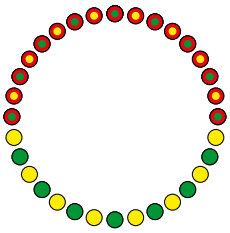
Internal communication fault
The Wattpilot displays an internal communication error. The error code is displayed in the app. For more information, see Status codes on page 78.

- All LEDs flash red.



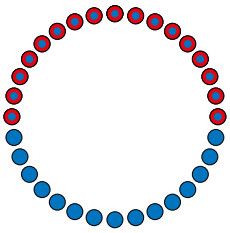
Residual current detected
The Wattpilot has detected a residual current (≥ 6 mA_{DC} or ≥ 20 mA_{AC}). Restart the Wattpilot. For more information, see Status codes on page 78.

- The LEDs light up pink, the LEDs at the top flash red.



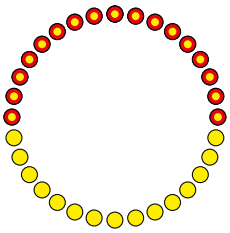
Grounding fault detected
The grounding of the supply line to the Wattpilot is faulty. Check the grounding of the supply line. For more information, see Status codes on page 78.

- The LEDs light up green and yellow, the LEDs at the top flash red.



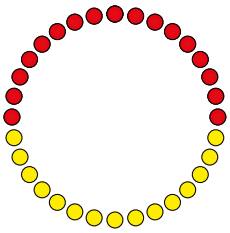
At least one phase of the power supply is missing
The phase(s) of the supply line to the Wattpilot has/have failed. Check the phase(s) of the supply line. For more information, see Status codes on page 78.

- The LEDs light up blue, the LEDs at the top flash red.



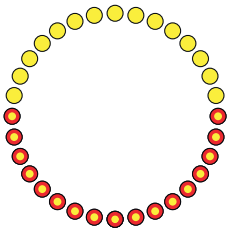
Temperature too high
The temperature of the Wattpilot is too high. The charging current is reduced. For more information, see Status codes on page 78.

- The LEDs light up yellow, the LEDs at the top flash red.



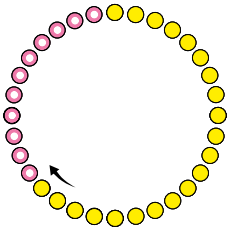
Unlocking or locking error
Unlocking or locking has failed. The unlocking or locking attempt is repeated at 5-second intervals. For more information, see Status codes on page 78.

- The LEDs light up red at the top and yellow at the bottom for 1 second.



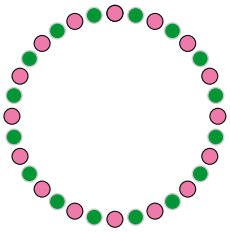
Charge controller error
The charge controller is not working properly. For more information, see Status codes on page 78.

- The LEDs light up red at the top and yellow at the bottom for 1 second.

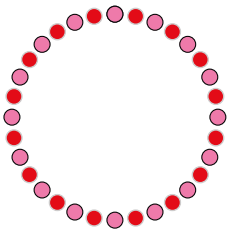


Update
The Wattpilot firmware is being updated. The update can take several minutes. Do not unplug the charging station.

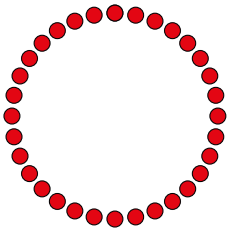
- All LEDs flash pink, the progress of the update is indicated by yellow LEDs.



Update successful
- The LEDs light up alternately pink and green.



Update failed
- The LEDs light up alternately pink and red.



Reset card detected
The Wattpilot has detected the reset card and the settings are reset.

- All LEDs light up red for 2 seconds.

Functions

Overview

The Wattpilot can be used like any other charging station. For start-up, the charging cable must be plugged in and the Wattpilot starts charging. By pressing the pushbutton (see Pushbutton functions on page 18) it is possible to switch between the charging modes (see Different charging modes on page 30) and change the level of charging current (see Current level on page 57).

Phase changeover

The Fronius Wattpilot can automatically switch between 1-phase and 3-phase charging. The automatic phase changeover enables charging with a low start-up power (1-phase with 1.38 kWh) in the case of a PV surplus. In addition, 1-phase charging has the advantage that the charging power can be regulated in smaller increments (0.23 kW) and a small PV surplus can be used more efficiently. As 1-phase charging is limited by the vehicle, it makes sense to switch to 3-phase charging at a higher PV surplus. This allows higher maximum charging power levels to be achieved.

The phase changeover can be set automatically or manually (see PV surplus on page 25).

Phase unbalanced load

Unbalanced load management limits the total charging current, which means that the unbalanced load is below the desired value. It is important to comply with the phase unbalanced load limits in order to protect the grid, make charging electric vehicles efficient and comply with the applicable regulations.

The maximum phase unbalanced load can be set by a technical specialist in accordance with the applicable regulations (see Grid settings on page 62).

NOTE!

Do not exceed the phase unbalanced load!
Select the three-phase power level in such a way that the maximum permissible phase unbalanced load is not exceeded. To do this, amend the settings in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app under "**Settings**" > "**Grid requirements**".

PV surplus

NOTE!

A minimum charging time of 5 minutes is stored.
To prevent permanent switching of the relays and to increase the service life of the Wattpilot, a minimum charging time of 5 minutes is stored.

The surplus energy of a PV system (photovoltaic system) can be used. The prerequisites for this are a compatible inverter in the same network as the Wattpilot and a Fronius Smart Meter (for more information, see Data communication with inverter on page 49).

Setting limit values ensures that the available PV surplus power is distributed to the loads. The limit values created allow a PV battery to be sufficiently charged or the energy to be stored in the form of hot water. The surplus PV power is then used to charge a vehicle.

NOTE!

PV surplus regulation.
One Wattpilot per photovoltaic system.

- ▶ The PV surplus regulation works with one Wattpilot per photovoltaic system.
- ▶ If several Wattpilot devices are connected to one inverter, "**Use PV surplus**" may only be activated on one Wattpilot. For all other Wattpilot devices, "**Use PV surplus**" must be deactivated (for more information, see Activating cost optimization on page 57).

It is possible to set a **start-up power level** (specified in kilowatts/kW). This must be reached by the photovoltaic system before the Wattpilot starts charging the vehicle with the minimum current.

It is possible to set a **3-phase power level** (specified in kW). This must be reached by the photovoltaic system before the Wattpilot switches from 1-phase to 3-phase charging.

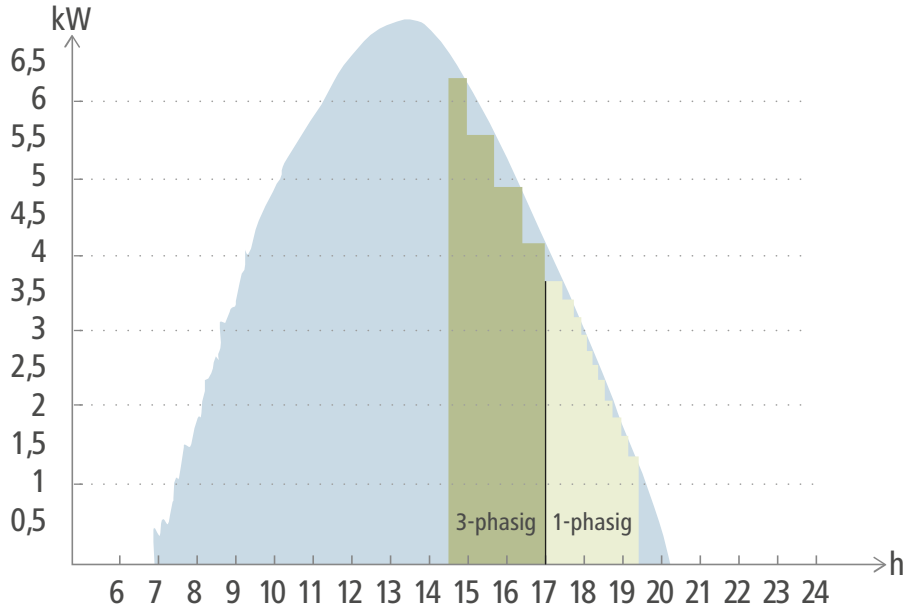
The settings for the start-up power level and 3-phase power level can be made under Activating cost optimization in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app.

The power level can only be regulated in increments of 1 ampere. The table below lists the charging current in amperes (A) and the corresponding charging power for 1-phase and 3-phase charging in kilowatts (kW). 1-phase in 0.23 kW increments, 3-phase in 0.69 kW increments. The values are based on the assumption that the voltage is exactly 230 or 400 V.

- Example: The charging current is increased by 1 A to 7 A.
  - 1-phase: 1.38 kW + 0.23 kW = 1.61 kW
  - 3-phase: 4.14 kW + 0.69 kW = 4.83 kW

Charging current [A]	6	8	10	12	14	16	20	24	32
1-phase [kW]	1.38	1.84	2.3	2.76	3.22	3.68	4.6	5.52	7.36
3-phase [kW]	4.14	5.52	6.9	8.28	9.66	11	13.8	16.56	22

Example



Photovoltaic generation

Electric vehicle

The figure illustrates the behavior of the Wattpilot with a set start-up power level of 1.38 kW and a 3-phase power level of 4.14 kW. If the PV surplus is less than 1.38 kW, the vehicle is not charged.

If the PV surplus is between 1.38 and 4.14 kW, the Wattpilot regulates the charging power in **0.23 kW**increments.
If the PV surplus is above 4.14 kW, the Wattpilot switches from 1-phase charging to 3-phase charging and regulates the charging power in **0.69 kW**increments.

NOTE!

The minimum charging power of electric vehicles is usually 1.38 kW.
In the case of smaller photovoltaic systems, we recommend setting the start-up power level below 1.38-kW so that sufficient energy is charged. The electricity that is not covered by the photovoltaic system, however, is drawn from the grid. This results in a power mix of self-consumption and grid supply.
▶ A start-up power level below 1.38 kW results in a power mix.

Charging with PV surplus can be activated and adjusted in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app (see Activating cost optimization on page 57).

Priorities in the system between battery, Ohmpilot and Wattpilot

The priority of the Wattpilot can be influenced via the "PV battery limit value" and "Ohmpilot limit value" settings in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app (see chapter Activating cost optimization on page 57). Depending on the level of the selected limit values, it is possible to define under which conditions the charging of the electric vehicle starts. The temperature limit value of the Ohmpilot can only be used if a temperature sensor is connected to the Ohmpilot. To set the Wattpilot priority, the energy management priority settings on the user interface of the inverter must also be taken into account.

NOTE!

If no temperature sensor is connected to the Fronius Ohmpilot, a temperature of 0 °C is assumed. If the Wattpilot is to be prioritized over the Ohmpilot, the "Ohmpilot limit value" must be set to 0 °C. In the event of a sensor break, the Ohmpilot is supplied with power before the Wattpilot.

Example
The electric vehicle must always be charged with PV surplus before the battery and the Ohmpilot. In the Solar.wattpilot app, the limit value for the battery is set to 0% and the limit value for the Ohmpilot is set to 0 degrees. The electric vehicle is immediately charged with PV surplus, regardless of the state of charge of the battery or the temperature of the Ohmpilot.

- **System with inverter, Wattpilot, battery and Ohmpilot**

Priority in the inverter	Wattpilot	Battery**	Ohmpilot
Battery** > Ohmpilot	Priority 3 until SOC* and temperature limit value reached, then priority 1	Priority 1 until SOC*, then priority 2	Priority 2 until temperature limit value reached, then priority 3
Ohmpilot > Battery**	Priority 3 until SOC* and temperature limit value reached, then priority 1	Priority 2 until SOC, then priority 3	Priority 1 until temperature limit value reached, then priority 2

- **System with inverter, Wattpilot and Ohmpilot**

Priority in the inverter	Wattpilot	Ohmpilot
Ohmpilot	Priority 2 until temperature limit value reached, then priority 1	Priority 1 until temperature limit value reached, then priority 2

- **System with inverter, Wattpilot and battery**

Priority in the inverter	Wattpilot	Battery**
Battery**	Priority 2 until SOC*, then priority 1	Priority 1 until SOC*, then priority 2

*SOC - State of Charge of the stationary battery
**Fronius-compatible DC coupled battery

IMPORTANT!
The energy management with the digital outputs (I/Os) on the Fronius inverter **must not** be used for load management of the Wattpilot! The priorities of the loads are not clearly assigned.

Flexible electricity tariff

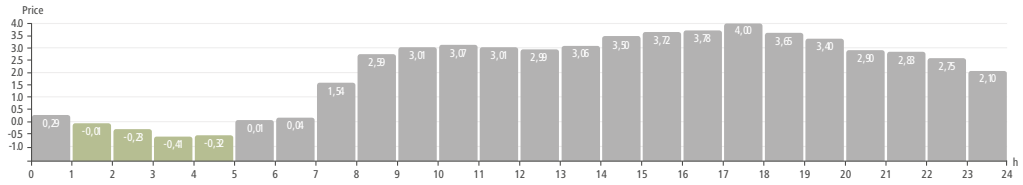
Tariff zones
If you are a customer of a flexible electricity tariff retailer, you can use the flexible electricity tariff. This is taken into account when using Eco Mode and Next Trip Mode.

Retailer
The flexible electricity tariff can be used if electricity is purchased from electricity retailers and charged for hourly via the electricity exchange, e.g.,
- Lumina Strom hourly
- aWattar hourly
- Tibber

The Wattpilot queries the various retailer tariffs from the electricity exchange directly via the Internet. It is possible to specify a price threshold (Eco Mode price limit) below which charging starts.

IMPORTANT!
The prices displayed show the current tariffs on the electricity exchange. Additional costs may apply depending on the provider.

Example



The figure shows the development of the electricity price of an electricity supplier over 24 hours. The hourly tariffs are retrieved from the electricity exchange at a specific time for the next day.

Boost

Prerequisite
To be able to use **Boost** Mode, there must be a stationary battery storage system in the PV system and Eco or Next Trip Mode must be selected.

Function
Activating the **Boost** uses the energy for charging directly from the stationary battery storage system. As a result, low-cost energy can be obtained, even if no PV surplus is available. In the Boost settings, it is possible to set how much residual energy (SOC) should remain in the stationary battery. In addition, you can set whether the charge from the stationary battery should be used once, or for as long as the vehicle is plugged in.

When **Boost** is activated, it can take up to 10 minutes for the battery to discharge at maximum power. If the inverter has already reached the maximum total power (through PV) or the battery cannot be discharged, the Wattpilot still charges with at least 1.4 kW. The minimum SOC of the battery at the inverter must be greater than the "Discharge until" limit value.

Example
Let's imagine that your stationary battery storage system is 80% charged. Due to the current weather conditions, no additional energy is stored. If you now activate the **Boost**, the stored energy will be transferred to your vehicle. Note that the discharging limit of the stationary battery is taken into account (e.g., 20% set = 20% of the energy always remains in the stationary battery storage system). Activating Boost also means that the discharge is continued as long as the vehicle is connected (perform setting in the app). If the weather conditions change and the PV surplus is fed into the stationary battery storage system again, your vehicle will continue to be charged until it is unplugged. A residual amount of energy of 20% is always retained in the stationary battery storage system.

Different charging modes

Standard mode

In standard mode, charging takes place at the preset amperage (e.g., 16 A). The level of charging current can be changed by pressing the pushbutton on the Wattpilot. In the app (see Current level on page 57), the charging current can be adjusted in 1 ampere increments.

In standard mode, no operating mode LEDs light up.

Whereas charging at a low charging current is gentle, charging at a high charging current enables rapid charging. If necessary, charging is carried out with electricity sourced from the grid.

NOTE!

Standard mode
Standard mode is the standard setting of the Wattpilot; no LEDs light up white. In this charging mode, the PV surplus and the flexible electricity tariff are not taken into account.
▶ No further settings are required for standard mode.

Eco Mode

In Eco Mode, a vehicle is only charged when low-cost electricity is available. Charging can either take place with cheaply purchased electricity (see Flexible electricity tariff on page 28) or surplus energy produced by the photovoltaic system (see PV surplus on page 25). There is no guarantee that charging will occur.

Prerequisite
Charging in Eco Mode is only possible if PV surplus and/or a Flexible electricity tariff is activated under PV surplus in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app.

NOTE!

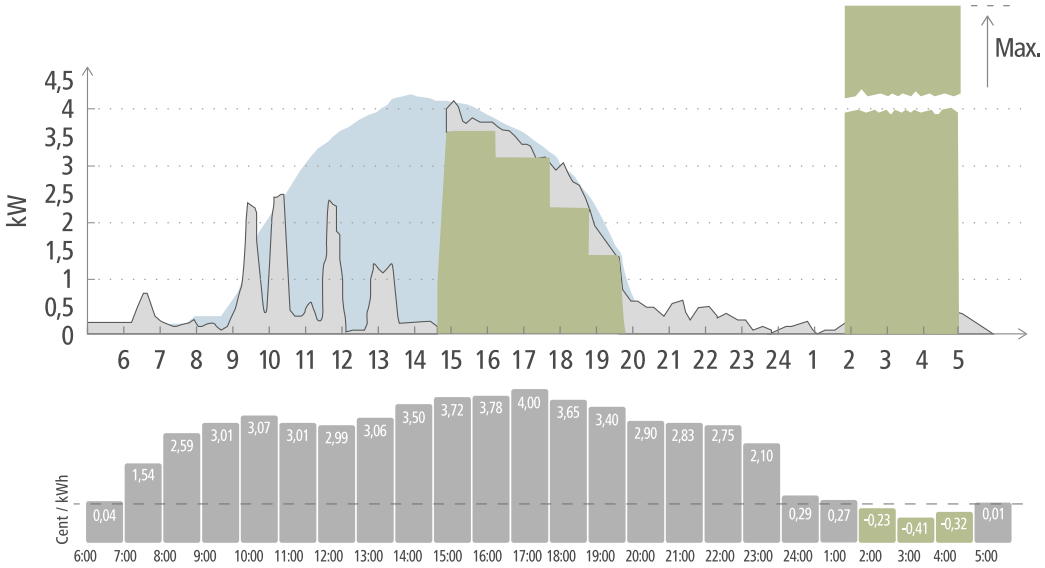
Change mode for guaranteed charging.
If there is no surplus generated power or cheap electricity available, charging is not carried out in Eco Mode.
▶ For guaranteed charging, change to standard or Next Trip Mode.

Enable
The Eco Mode can be configured under Activating cost optimization (see page57) and activated by pressing the operating mode button or via the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app.

NOTE!

The battery of the photovoltaic system is discharged first!
If the system contains a stationary battery, when the electricity price falls below the threshold, the battery of the photovoltaic system is discharged first in order to charge an electric vehicle before grid current is drawn.

Example



Photovoltaic generation

Electric vehicle

Household consumption

In Eco Mode, the electric vehicle is connected to the Wattpilot at around 15:00 hrs, as although a fixed additional range for the electric vehicle is not necessary, cheaper electricity is to be used for charging. In the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app, the PV surplus and/or flexible electricity tariff must be activated and set under cost optimization. Household consumption is covered by photovoltaic generation and the electric vehicle is charged with the PV surplus. Charging takes place using the PV surplus until around 20:00 hrs. Between 02:00 and 05:00 hrs, the electricity price falls below the defined price limit. The electric vehicle is charged with cheap electricity during this period.

Charging in Eco Mode

PV surplus	Price limit	Wattpilot
No	No	No charging
No	Yes	Max. charging
Yes	No	Charging with PV surplus
Yes	Yes	Max. charging

Next Trip Mode

In Next Trip Mode, a vehicle is charged as cheaply as possible until the end of the self-selected time with the set charging amount. The time charging starts is selected in such a way that the desired charging amount is charged at least one hour before the charge end. Charging takes place at the most cost-effective time window. The PV surplus and flexible electricity tariff settings are taken into account. If the **Eco Mode after Next Trip Mode** function is activated, the Wattpilot continues charging with low-cost energy after the set charging amount has been reached.

The charging amount is specified in kilometers and calculated on the basis of an average consumption (18 kWh/100 km). External conditions (such as season, driving speed, vehicle model) may cause deviations in the actual range. When setting the charging amount, the actual state of charge of the electric vehicle battery is not read out. The set charging amount is charged in addition to the charging amount available in the electric vehicle.

Activation
Set the mode under **Next Trip Mode** in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app.

After activating the mode, charging is started briefly to calculate a charging schedule taking into account the possible charging power. If no flexible electricity tariff is activated, charging is started at the latest possible time in order to charge with a possible PV surplus and to conserve the battery of the electric vehicle. If no time is provided for the calculation of the charging schedule, charging starts immediately.

NOTE!

Internet connection required if a flexible electricity tariff is activated.
The Next Trip Mode LED flashes red when the flexible electricity tariff (in Next Trip Mode) is activated and there is no connection to the data of the electricity provider. Charging starts at the latest possible time in order to reach the set charging amount.

If the charging cable is disconnected and reconnected while Next Trip Mode is activated, the calculation is repeated and the set charging amount is charged in addition to the existing charging amount. Changes to the settings of the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app result in a recalculation of the charging schedule. If the change is made during Next Trip Mode charging, the range charged up to this point is added to this.

If **Stay in Eco Mode** is activated, the cost optimization settings are also taken into account in Next Trip Mode.

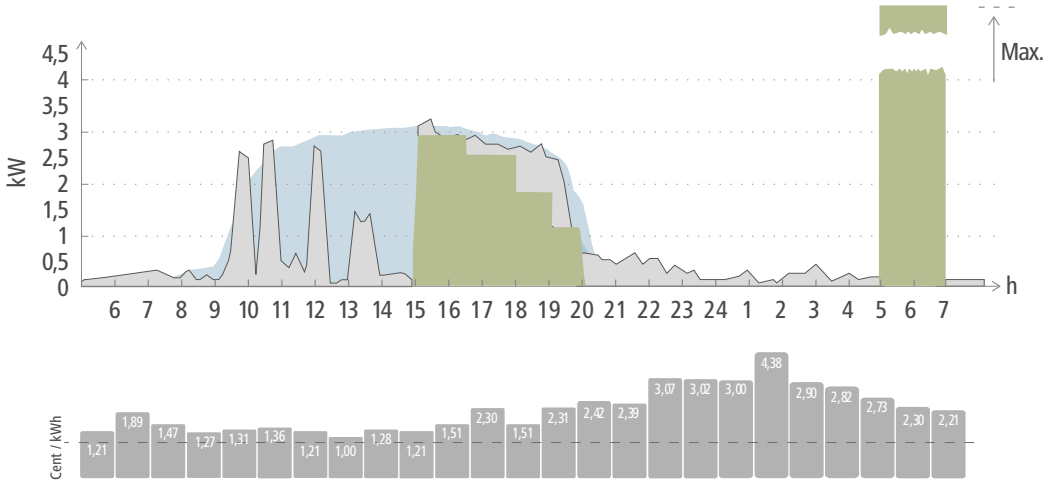
NOTE!

The battery of the photovoltaic system is discharged first.
If the system contains a stationary battery, the battery is discharged to charge the electric vehicle before grid current is drawn.

NOTE!

Orange flashing LEDs if the charging amount cannot be reached or stored.
If the set charging amount cannot be charged in the specified time or if the vehicle cannot store the set charging amount, the LEDs flash orange.
▶ Reduce the charging amount or extend the charging time.

Example



Photovoltaic generation

Electric vehicle

Household consumption

The daily journey to work and back home is 50 km and must start at 08:00 hrs. In the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app, the kilometers and the departure time must be entered under Next Trip Mode. 18 kWh is used as the basis for the calculation of 100 km. The electric vehicle is plugged in and charged at approximately 15:00 hrs. If PV surplus is available, charging is carried out with PV surplus. The remaining charging amount is guaranteed to be charged in the electric vehicle at the latest possible time. The charge is calculated in such a way that it is completed at the latest one hour before departure.

NOTE!

If there is sufficient energy in the electric vehicle, it is better to use Eco Mode.
If the electric vehicle is sufficiently charged, Eco Mode is the better choice.

▶ Change to Eco Mode (see Eco Mode on page 30).

Dynamic load balancing

General

When the Wattpilot is connected to the Internet, the device supports dynamic load management, known as Dynamic Load Balancing. Dynamic Load Balancing distributes the current dynamically while charging with several Wattpilots, depending on their prioritization. The function is available with the following system components:

- Inverters with Fronius Smart Meters
- Fronius Datamanager with Fronius Smart Meter
- Fronius Smart Meter IP 5kA-3

Activation

1 Activate Dynamic Load Balancing in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app.

2 Protect the settings made with a Technician password (see Password).

Operating principle

The Dynamic Load Balancing defines the maximum delivery current for the feed-in point. The function takes into account the electricity generated by the photovoltaic system and the consumption. Any number of Wattpilots can be dynamically controlled. The dynamic control uses the maximum possible charging current.

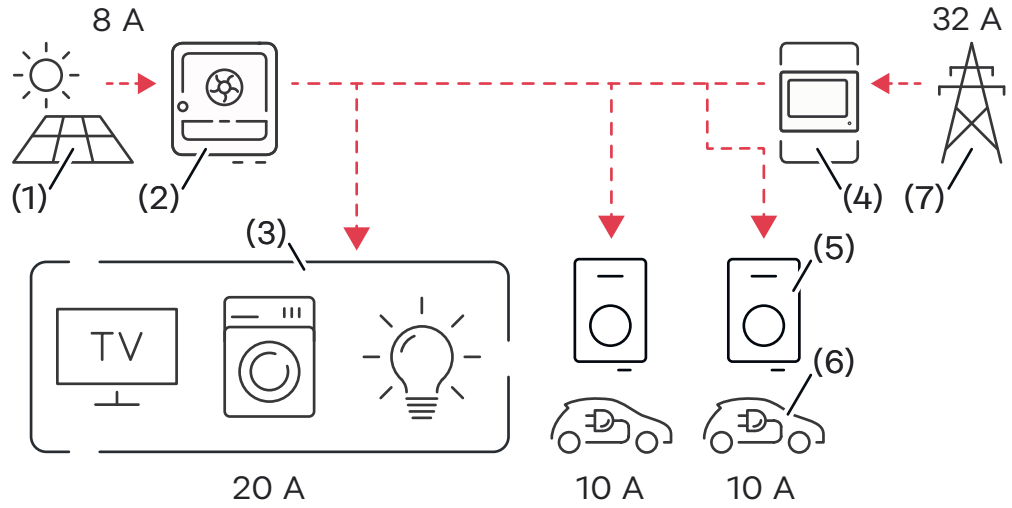
Dynamic Load Balancing monitors the available current per phase (including PV surplus) at the feed-in point and dynamically distributes this to one or more Wattpilots. The Wattpilots are supplied with the maximum available current. The maximum current (delivery current) is not exceeded and can be limited for the Wattpilots.

NOTE!

Charge 1-phase electric vehicles evenly with multiple Wattpilots.
In the case of multiple Wattpilots, connect the phases differently so that the load is distributed evenly among 1-phase electric vehicles.

The maximum delivery current must be set to match the post-meter fuse.

Control system example



(1) Photovoltaic system
(2) Inverter
(3) Loads (e.g., TV, washing machine, light)
(4) Fronius Smart Meter
(5) Fronius Wattpilot
(6) Electric vehicle
(7) Grid

In the **control system example**, 32 A are drawn from the public grid. 8 A are generated by the PV system. Of a total of 40 A, 20 A are accounted for by the loads in the household. The Dynamic Load Balancing distributes 20 A to the connected Wattpilots. This enables charging of, for example, two electric vehicles with 10 A each.

NOTE!

Charging is interrupted or does not start.
If Dynamic Load Balancing is activated, charging interruptions may occur. Some electric vehicles encounter problems when starting charging again.

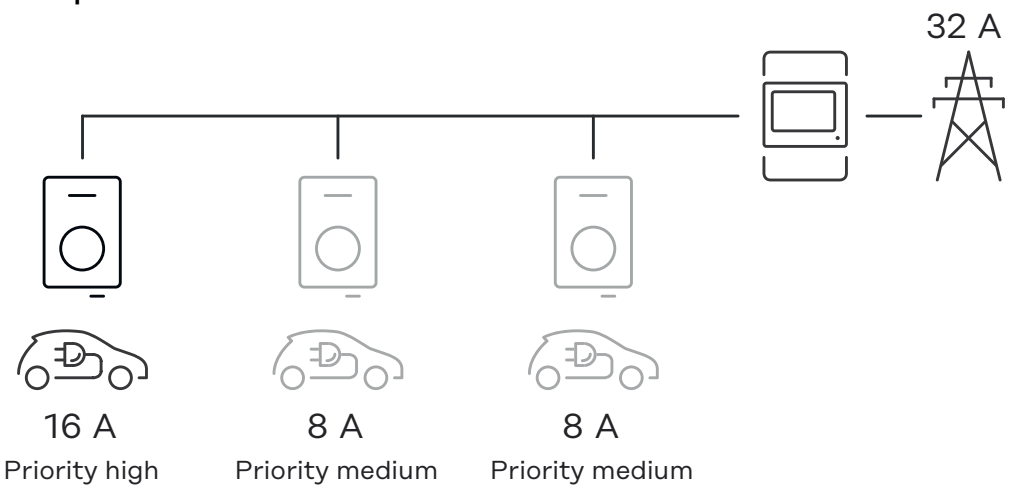
Priority

In the case of systems with multiple Wattpilots, charging priorities can be set. The charging stations (electric vehicles) with a higher priority are supplied with current first; charging stations with a lower priority have to wait. If there is current left over, it is shared among the lower-priority Wattpilots.

The vehicles that are to be charged first and with the maximum available current must be assigned a high priority. A low priority can be assigned to vehicles that should wait to charge until sufficient current is available.

In the case of Wattpilots with the same priority, the available current is shared equally.

Example 1



Distribution of the charging current with three Wattpilots with different priorities (one with high priority, two with medium priority).

Example 2

Distribution of the charging current with three Wattpilots (X, Y, Z) with the same priority. Each Wattpilot is assigned the minimum charging current (unless the minimum charging current is no longer available). If there is charging current left over, it is distributed wherever possible, starting with the first Wattpilot in the loop.

Wattpilot X has a minimum charging current of 6 A, Wattpilot Y 10 A and Wattpilot Z 6 A. There is 15 A of charging current to be distributed. The charging current is distributed as follows.

1. X receives 6 A, 9 A remains.
2. Y receives nothing as the minimum charging current of Y is 10 A. Y is set to 0.
3. Z receives 6 A, 3 A remains.
4. The loop starts all over again.
5. X receives 7 A, 2 A remains.
6. Y receives nothing as the charging current has already been set to 0 in the first loop.
7. Z receives 7 A, 1 A remains.
8. The loop starts all over again.
9. X receives 8 A, 0 A remains.

The 15 A charging current was distributed among the equally prioritized Wattpilots and charged. As soon as charging current is available again, the electric vehicle is charged at Wattpilot Y.

Videos

Webinars and how-to videos

The following link provides current webinars and how-to videos for the Fronius Wattpilot.

Fronius Wattpilot YouTube playlist

Installation and Startup

Installation location and position

Selecting a location

The following criteria must be taken into account when choosing a location.

The Wattpilot is suitable for outdoor operation without direct sunlight.

The Wattpilot is suitable for operation in a well-ventilated indoor area.

Do not operate the Wattpilot in areas where there is an increased risk from ammonia gases.

The Wattpilot is suitable for operation indoors and outdoors.

For environmental conditions, see Wattpilot Home 11 J 2.0 on page 75.

⚠ CAUTION!

Beware of warping of the mounting bracket on uneven surfaces.
An uneven surface can cause the mounting bracket to warp, making it impossible to attach the Wattpilot.

▶ Select a suitable location on an even surface.

Installation position

The Wattpilot is designed to be installed vertically on a vertical, level wall.

- Do not install the Wattpilot horizontally.
- Do not install the Wattpilot on a sloping surface.
- Do not install the Wattpilot on a sloping surface with the connection facing down.

⚠ CAUTION!

Danger due to heat generation on the device!
The build-up of heat can lead to lasting damage and even fire.

▶ Observe the correct installation position.
▶ Never cover the device during charging.
▶ Unwind the cable completely from a cable drum.

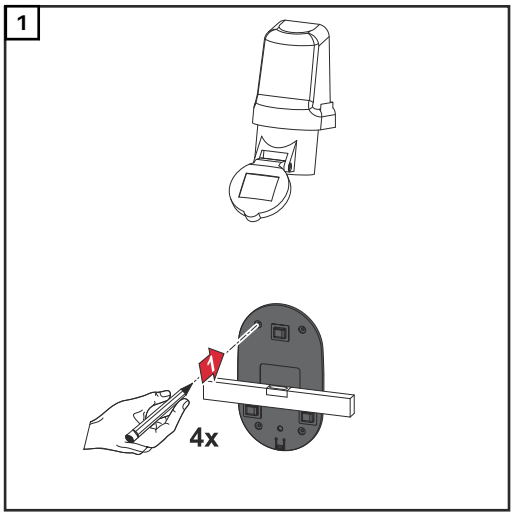
NOTE!

The type 2 plug is not waterproof.
Water can penetrate when the Wattpilot is mounted horizontally.
▶ Mount the Wattpilot vertically.

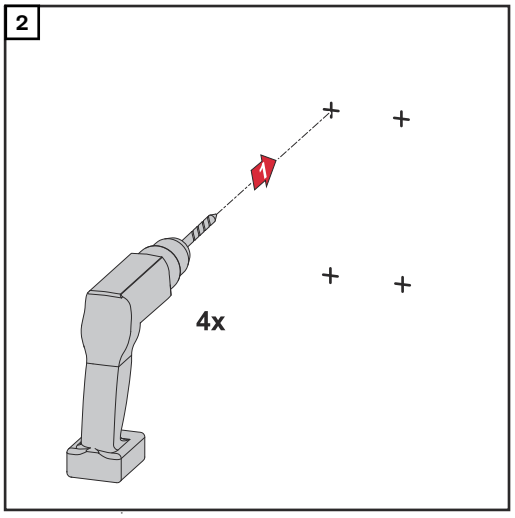
Installation

Mounting the Wattpilot on the wall

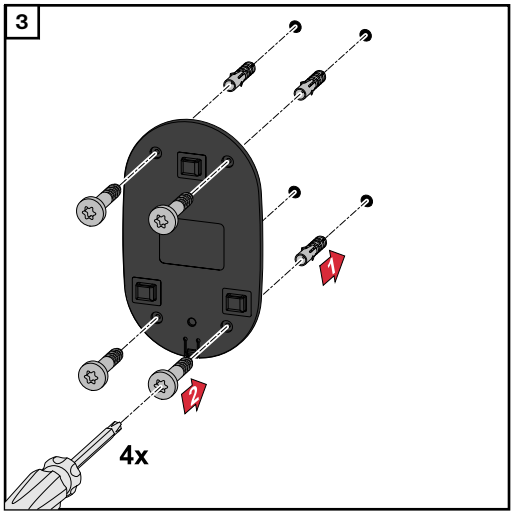
When mounting the mounting bracket, ensure that it is not warped or deformed. The following illustrations may differ slightly from the actual product; the Wattpilot Home 11 J 2.0 / Home 22 J 2.0 does not have a mains plug.



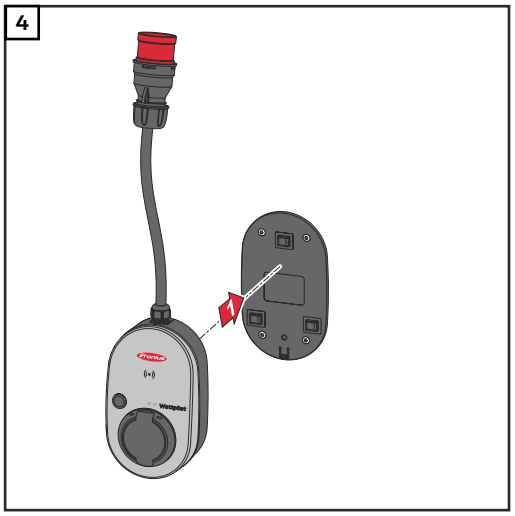
Mark the drill holes 4 times.



Drill 4 holes.



Place dowels in the holes and fasten the mounting bracket with screws.



Hang the Wattpilot in the mounting bracket.

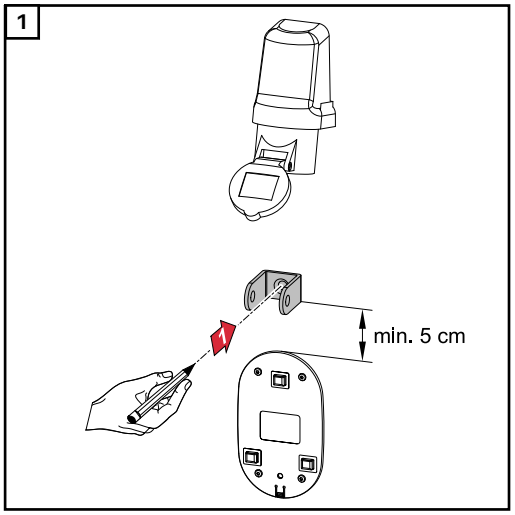
NOTE!

To protect the Wattpilot from contact, it must be mounted at least 140 cm above the ground.

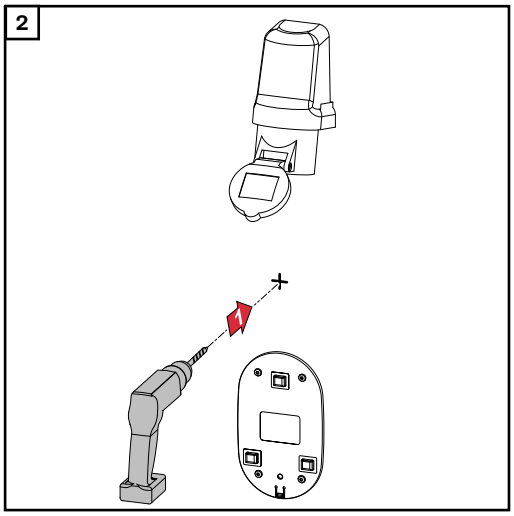
▶ The minimum height of 140 cm must be observed in Sweden.

Mounting the anti-theft protection

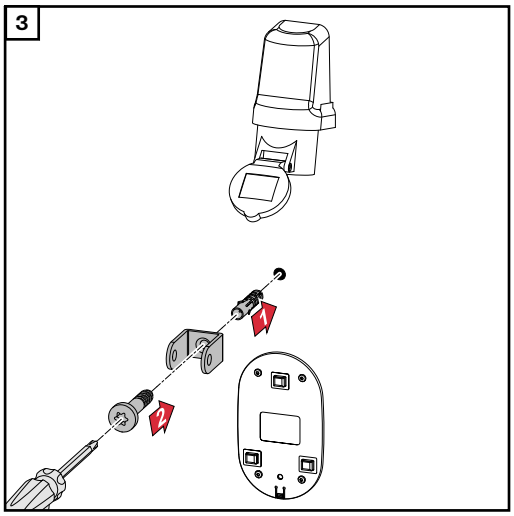
The fastening materials and the padlock are not included. Use appropriate fastening materials depending on the substrate. The installer is responsible for selecting the right type of fixing.



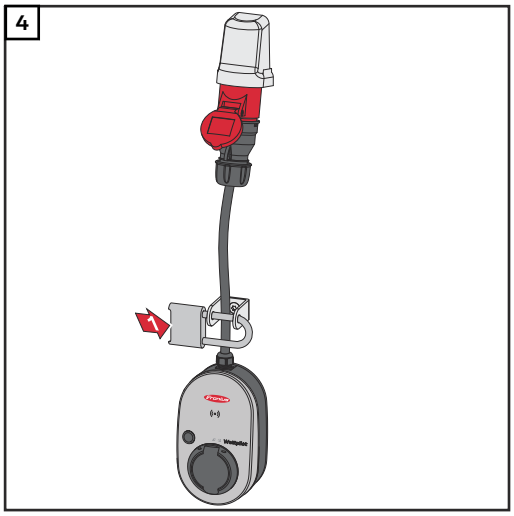
Mount the anti-theft protection at least 5 cm above the mounting bracket.



Drill a hole with a suitable drill bit.



Mount the anti-theft protection using suitable fastening materials.



Secure the Wattpilot with a padlock.

Connecting the Wattpilot

General information

⚠ CAUTION!

Installation and commissioning may only be carried out by a qualified electrician!
Requirements for the qualification of qualified electricians – knowledge of and compliance with the five safety rules for working on electrical systems.

- ▶ Disconnect.
- ▶ Secure against anyone inadvertently turning on the power again.
- ▶ Ensure the system is no longer live.
- ▶ Ground and short circuit.
- ▶ Cover or shield neighboring parts that are energized.

NOTE!

Failure to comply with the reporting obligation may result in legal consequences.
Failure to comply with the reporting obligation may result in fines or sanctions.

- ▶ Check with the utility to confirm whether there is a reporting obligation for charging stations in the target country.
- ▶ If necessary, report the charging station to the responsible utility in order to avoid legal consequences.

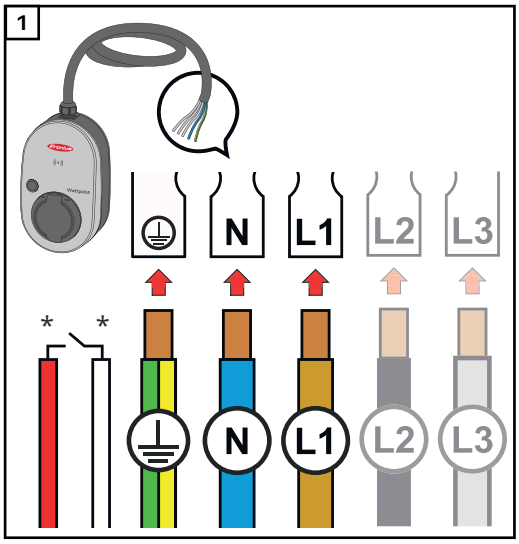
Installing the Wattpilot Home

When installing the Wattpilot Home 11 J 2.0 or Home 22 J 2.0, the mains cable must be installed by a qualified person in accordance with national standards. The fuse protection for the mains lead must be dimensioned in accordance with the device technical data.

⚠ WARNING!

Danger from mains voltage!
An electric shock can be fatal.

- ▶ Always make sure the circuit is disconnected and de-energized before carrying out any connection work.
- ▶ Have the connection work performed by an authorized electrician.
- ▶ Observe the national standards.



Have the 5-pin mains cable connected by an authorized electrician in accordance with national standards and safety rules. Depending on the available mains supply type, opt for a 1- or 3-phase connection.

*Digital input: optional connection to a ripple control receiver with floating contact

NOTE!

For 1-phase operation, use phase L1.

▶ To supply power to the Wattpilot, phase L1 must be connected. The unused phases L2 and L3 must be isolated (contact protection)!

Backup power mode

NOTE!

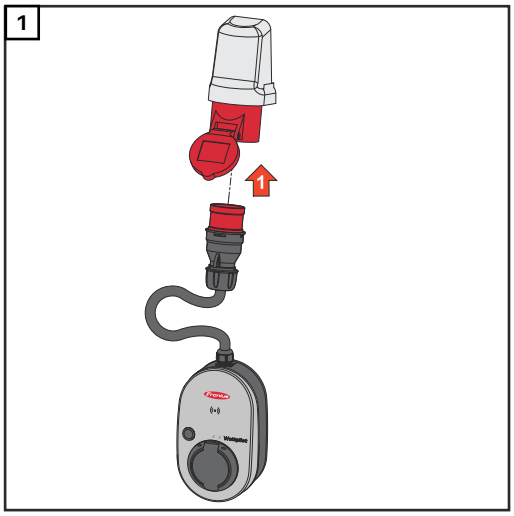
It is recommended that the Wattpilot is connected outside the emergency power loads of a PV system!
If the charging current per phase cannot be covered by the backup power, connect the Wattpilot outside the backup power loads. If the Wattpilot is connected in the backup power circuit of a PV system and the total power of a phase is exceeded, the inverter switches off the backup power. The electric vehicle must be disconnected and the backup power must be acknowledged (see inverter operating instructions).

IMPORTANT!
Check whether the electric vehicle allows charging at 53 Hz.

Commissioning

Start up the permanently installed Wattpilot Home 11 J 2.0 / Home 22 J 2.0 from step 2.

1



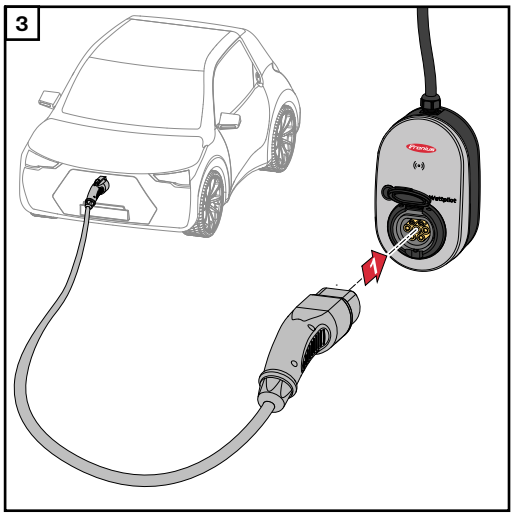
Connect the CEE plug to a suitable socket directly or with a suitable adapter.

NOTE!

The LEDs light up in rainbow colors during an initial self-test. Afterwards, the number of LEDs corresponding to the set charging current light up blue.

2 Set the desired charging current by pressing the pushbutton. (See Pushbutton functions on page 18).

3



Connect a Type 2 to Type 2/Type 1 charging cable to the Wattpilot and the car.

During a test, all LEDs light up yellow.

The start of the charging process is indicated by the switching of the LEDs and started with a clicking sound from the Wattpilot.

For more information on LED status indicators, see chapter LED status indicator on page 20.

The car is charged.

Stopping charging

When the vehicle battery is fully charged, the vehicle stops charging.

⌖ Unlocking the charging cable

1 Disconnect the charging cable from the vehicle.

2 Disconnect the charging cable from the Wattpilot.

NOTE!

The charging cable remains locked to the Wattpilot by default (anti-theft protection). This can be changed in the app (see chapter Cable release on page 61).

Aborting the charging process prematurely

- In the vehicle via the "Cable release" function
- In the app by clicking on "Stop" (see chapter Homepage on page 55).

NOTE!

The way in which the cable is released can be configured in the app.
If the power supply is interrupted, the charging cable remains locked in the Wattpilot for reasons of theft protection. The cable release can be activated in the app under "Unlock in case of power failure".

▶ Restore the power supply to the Wattpilot to unlock the charging cable.

▶ Configure the cable release in the app.

Data communication with inverter

Charging with PV surplus (see PV surplus on page 25) is possible with a supported Fronius inverter and Smart Meter IP 5kA-3, to which a primary Fronius Smart Meter is connected. As soon as an inverter is in the network, the Wattpilot automatically pairs with the first inverter found.

Open the Fronius Solar.wattpilot- app (see Activating cost optimization on page 57) to pair another inverter.

Requirements

- The inverter is supported and has a suitable data interface (see Suitable inverters on page 17).
- The Fronius Solar API is activated.
  To do so, on the user interface of the inverter in the **Communication** > **Solar API**menu area, activate the **Activate communication via Solar API**function.
- The Wattpilot and the inverter are in the same network.
- A primary Fronius Smart Meter is connected to the inverter at the feed-in point. If there are multiple inverters with a primary Fronius Smart Meter in the network, only one of them may be paired.

Fronius Solar.wattpilot app

Overview

Commissioning with app

The Fronius Solar.wattpilot app can be used to commission, configure, operate, visualize, and update the Wattpilot. The app is available for Android™ and iOS®.

NOTE!

To ensure the security of your device and your data, we recommend that you only use the device on secured networks and not on public networks; this ensures that your device is optimally protected and you can enjoy a secure user experience.

NOTE!

To guarantee optimal performance and security of your device, we recommend that you check for and install software updates regularly. Updates include important improvements and security fixes that increase the functionality and protection of your device. Therefore, regularly check whether updates are available and perform available updates.

Download

The Fronius Solar.wattpilot app is available on the following platforms.

GET IT ON Google Play

Download on the App Store

Connecting via WLAN

Launching the app

1. Open the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app on the end device and follow the Setup wizard.
2. Read and accept the terms and conditions of use.
3. Click on "Connect".

NOTE!

Access for the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app must be allowed for end devices with an iOS operating system.
iOS settings > Privacy > Local network > Fronius Solar.wattpilot > Allow access to local network

Setting up a hot spot

The Wattpilot opens a WiFi hot spot that is always on.

1. Scan the QR code on the reset card or connect the device to the WiFi hot spot. The password is on the Wattpilot reset card.
2. Follow the further instructions in the app.

NOTE!

For devices with an Android operating system, the selected Wattpilot WiFi must remain connected even when there is no Internet connection.

Setting up the WLAN

IMPORTANT!
In Germany, to comply with the documentation obligation set out in Section 14a of the EnWG (law on the fuel and electricity industries) the Wattpilot must be permanently connected to the Internet in order to be able to verify implementation of the external control commands.

Adding a Wattpilot

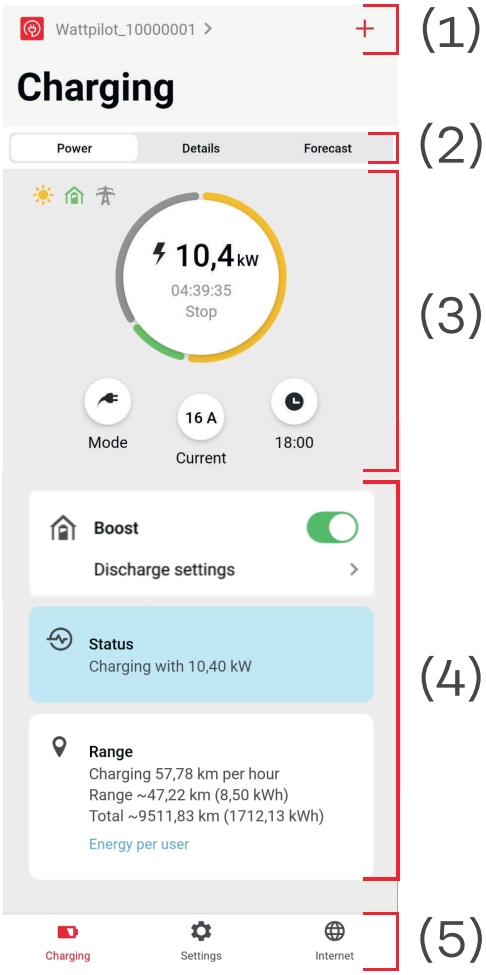
New or connected Wattpilot devices can be added in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app.

1. Click on the "**+**" symbol.
2. Click on "Add" for the connected Wattpilot.
3. Follow the further instructions in the app.

Charging

Homepage

The figure below shows the "**Charging**" homepage of the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app.



(1) Touch the app icon and go to the **"Select Wattpilot"** page. Add a new Wattpilot by pressing the "**+**" icon.

(2) Views in the main window:
- **"Power"**
- **"Details"**
- "**Forecast**"

(3) **Power**:
The current charging current and the charging time are displayed.
- Touch circle: Charging is started/stopped
- Touch buttons below: Call up "**Mode**", "**Current**", or "**Next Trip Mode**"

(4) Enable or disable "**Boost**", as well as other settings. Details of the current charging process are displayed under "**Status**" and "**Range**".

(5) The following pages can be called up:
- **"Charging"**
- "**Settings**"
- "**Internet**"

Energy per user

Under "**Range**", a list showing the consumption of the registered ID chips can be called up via "**Energy per user**". By entering "Total", the list can be downloaded as a *.csv file. The following data are displayed in the file:

- **Session number:** Sequential number. A session is the period of time between connecting and disconnecting the charging cable.
- **Session identifier**: Unique identification number.
- **ID chip**: Information about the registered ID chip. No entry if loaded without ID chip.
- **ECO operating mode [%]:** Proportion of the charged energy from Eco Mode as a percentage.
- **Next Trip operating mode [%]:** Proportion of the charged energy from Next Trip Mode as a percentage.
- **Start**: Start date and time from which the charging cable is connected.
- **End**: End date and time when the charging cable is disconnected.
- **Total duration:** Period of time during which the Wattpilot is in use.
- **Duration of active current flow:** Period of time during which energy was being charged into the vehicle.
- **Max. power [kW]**: Maximum power in kilowatts reached during charging.
- **Max. current [A]**: Maximum current in amperes reached during charging.
- **Energy [kWh]:** Indicates the charged energy in kilowatt hours.
- **Meter reading start [kWh]:** Indicates the charged energy in kilowatt hours at the start of the charge.
- **Meter reading end [kWh]**: Indicates the charged energy in kilowatt hours at the end of the charge.

Settings

Current level

Five current levels can be set, from **"gentle"** to **"rapid"**, by pressing the pushbutton on the Wattpilot. Press the pushbutton for at least 2 seconds (see chapter Pushbutton functions on page 18).

The desired levels can be adjusted by clicking in the respective field.

NOTE!

If charging in an unknown infrastructure, always charge with the lowest charging current (e.g., 6 A or 10 A).

NOTE!

A slow charge with a low amperage is gentler on the battery of the vehicle. This can extend the service life of the battery.

Next Trip Mode

Charging is carried out as cheaply as possible using surplus PV current (see PV surplus on page 25) and a flexible electricity tariff (see Flexible electricity tariff on page 28).

1. Under "**Settings**", click on the "**Next Trip Mode**" button.
2. Specify the **"Minimum amount of charging"** in kilometers (km) or kilowatt-hours (kWh).
   - 100 km correspond to 18 kWh as standard. The actual consumption over 100 km varies from vehicle to vehicle and can be adjusted under "**Consumption over 100 km**".
3. Enter the time by which charging must be complete.

Activating "Next Trip Mode"

- Directly on the Wattpilot by pressing the pushbutton (see Pushbutton functions on page 18).
- In the app, under "**Charging**", click on the "**Mode**" button and activate "**Next Trip Mode**".

Activating "Eco Mode after Next Trip Mode"

After reaching the set range, the Wattpilot remains in **Next Trip Mode** and continues charging with the **Eco Mode** settings.

Activating cost optimization

Under **Cost optimization**, activate taking the electricity tariff into account (see Flexible electricity tariff on page 28) and the use of PV surplus (see PV surplus on page 25). You can also customize the settings listed below.

Use flexible electricity tariff

Enable or disable, and select the appropriate country from the list below. Either select the flexible electricity tariff of a provider if available, or select a tariff zone.

Eco Mode price limit

If the flexible electricity tariff is enabled in Eco Mode, charging only begins when the specified electricity price is below this value. If the electricity price is above this value, charging does not take place.

Next Trip Mode takes into account the cheapest charging times in the available time span instead of this value.

Use PV-surplus
If **Use PV surplus** is enabled, the Wattpilot uses the surplus PV-energy for charging.

Inverter
Select a coupled inverter.

PV battery threshold
If a battery is integrated into the PV system, the **Discharge PV battery** function can be enabled and the following limit values can be set:
- **Vehicle charges from**: If the set state of charge of the battery is exceeded, the device uses all of the surplus PV energy for the charging process.
- **Discharges until**: The Wattpilot discharges the battery until the set state of charge is reached.
- **Limit time**: The battery is only discharged by the Wattpilot during the time period set for the charging process.

NOTE!
The set limit values are only active in Eco Mode and Next Trip Mode if the use of flexible electricity tariffs is disabled.

Ohmpilot limit value – optional
If a Fronius Ohmpilot with a temperature sensor is installed in the PV system, set a limit value for the temperature here. Below the set value, preference is given to heating with the available energy. Above this value, the vehicle is charged instead of heating the water. The temperature can still increase slowly.

PV surplus- advanced settings
Set a **Start-up power level** from which the PV energy is used for charging in the advanced settings. Vehicles require a minimum power to charge.
- **Start-up power level:** If "0" is set, the Wattpilot starts charging even if no PV surplus is available.
- **Zero feed-in**: No PV power is fed into the grid. If zero feed-in is activated in the inverter, it must also be activated on the Wattpilot.

Vehicles are regulated in increments, so there may be deviations in the use of PV surplus. Configure the following settings under **Control behaviors**.
- **Prefer from grid**: The Wattpilot prefers consumption over feed-in from the grid.
- **Standard**: The Wattpilot allows for both consumption and feed-in.
- **Prefer to grid**: The Wattpilot prefers feed-in over consumption from the grid.

NOTE!
If zero feed-in is activated, the prioritization of system components cannot be guaranteed. PV optimization control may be restricted.

Vehicle- advanced settings
During smart charging, the charging process can be interrupted or the charging current reduced to meet certain charging conditions. Set vehicle-specific settings to ensure the smart charging process runs smoothly.

- **Choose car:** Use this setting to enable the optimized standard settings of different vehicle models.
- **Minimum current:** Some cars will not resume charging after an interruption. To prevent an interruption, the **Minimum charging current** can be set.
- **Forced charging interval:** In the case of cost-optimized charging, the Wattpilot interrupts the charging process if the electricity price is too high. Some cars will not tolerate interruptions and will not continue charging after prolonged interruptions to the charging process. In this case, the charging process must be started regularly for a short time.
- **Allow charging pause:** Some cars will not resume charging after an interruption. Charging interruptions are prevented if this option is deactivated.
- **Simulate unplugging:** Some cars need to be disconnected for a while if there has been an interruption during cost-optimized charging. This function simulates a disconnection before charging continues.
- **Charge pause**: Some vehicles need a certain time after an interruption in charging before they can start charging again.
- **Minimum charging time:** Set the minimum amount of time the car must be charged after starting charging.
- **Choose phase switch:**
  - **Automatic:** A power level can be set, from which 3-phase charging takes place. If "0" is set, the Wattpilot immediately starts 3-phase charging.
  - **Only 1-phase:** There is one phase available for charging.
  - **Only 3-phase:** There are three phases available for charging.
- **3-phase -power level:** Set a power level that must be reached by the photovoltaic system before the Wattpilot switches from 1-phase to 3-phase charging. If the available power is greater than the set value, the Wattpilot immediately activates 3-phase charging. Automatic switching can be deactivated in the car settings.
- **Phase switch delay**: The phase switch is carried out if the "3-phase power level" is permanently exceeded or fallen short of in this time period.
- **Phase switch interval**: Minimum time between the phase switches.

NOTE!

If a vehicle is not listed, no specific charging behavior is known. All defaults can be adjusted.

▶ Select the standard charging behavior.

Charging timer

The "**Charging timer**" setting limits charging to specific times. A start and end time must be specified for this. Several time windows can be set. The following can be set:

- The time (start and end time)
- The days of the week

Set whether charging with PV surplus is allowed at the defined time windows (with permitted or blocked charging).

- Allow charging + PV surplus
- Block charging + PV surplus

NOTE!

Behaviour with activated Eco Mode or Next Trip Mode:
If charging is not allowed by the charging timer for a certain period of time, Eco Mode and Next Trip Mode are also blocked for this period.
If the charging timer does allow charging in a certain period of time but the settings for Eco Mode or Next Trip Mode are not met, charging will not occur.

Load balancing

Proceed as follows to call up the **Grid settings**.

Technician password (if set)

1 Click on **Grid settings**.

2 Enter the **Technician password**.

3 Click **OK**.

Under **Load Balancing**, select and set the Dynamic Load Balancing.

Dynamic Load Balancing

For general information on Dynamic load balancing, see Dynamic load balancing. The Dynamic Load Balancing monitors the current at the delivery point.

- **Maximum delivery current**
  Set the maximum delivery current for the power connection that must not be exceeded.
- **Max. current of supply line**
  Limit the total current of all Wattpilots so that the grid lead is not overloaded.
- **Phase assignment**
  The Fronius Smart Meter monitors each phase. For load balancing to work properly, set the phase assignment of the Wattpilot in relation to the Smart Meter. As a result, when the current of a phase is exceeded, the correct Wattpilot is regulated back.
- **Priority**
  For systems with multiple Wattpilots, set charging priorities (see Priority).
- **Fallback mode**
  If there is no connection to the server, the Wattpilot limits the charging current to the set value in fallback mode. This ensures that the infrastructure is not overloaded.
- **Overview**
  Display of all Wattpilots in load balancing.

Name

Change the name of the paired Wattpilot.

Brightness

Set LED brightness values. By activating "**Switch off LEDs after 10 s in standby**", the LEDs on the device are switched off after 10 seconds in standby.

LED colors

Customize LED colors.

Time zone

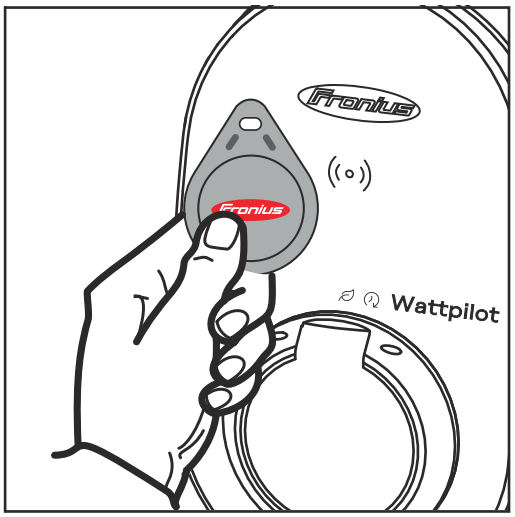
Set the time zone. Activating "**Automatic summer time changeover**" automatically sets the summer and winter time.

Access management

In the "**Access management**" menu, it is possible to set whether charging is started automatically or after confirmation. In addition, mode selection and current level selection can be set using the pushbutton on the device.

Authentication

- **Open**: The charging process is started automatically after connecting the cables.
- **Authentication required**: Charging will only start after confirming in the app or scanning the supplied ID chip.



Scan the ID chip

1 Hold the ID chip in front of the card reader on the Wattpilot.

2 Five LEDs light up green.

✓ *Charging starts.*

Lock mode selection
Set whether the pushbutton on the Wattpilot should be locked. Locking the pushbutton prevents accidental changing of the mode.
- **Always locked**: Changing the mode is only possible via the connected Fronius Solar.wattpilot app.
- **Locked when vehicle is connected**: Changing the mode by pressing the pushbutton is possible with the vehicle disconnected.
- **Never locked:** Standard setting.

Lock current level selection
Set whether the pushbutton on the Wattpilot should be locked. Locking the pushbutton prevents accidental changing of the current level.
- **Always locked**: Changing the current level is only possible via the connected Fronius Solar.wattpilot app.
- **Locked when vehicle is connected**: Changing the current level by pressing the pushbutton is possible with the vehicle disconnected.
- **Never locked:** Standard setting.

Cable release

Standard mode
The charging cable at the charging station remains locked after completion of the charging process until the charging cable is disconnected from the vehicle (anti-theft protection).

Auto-unlock
The charging cable is only locked during charging.

Always locked
The charging cable on the Wattpilot is always locked. Switch to standard mode to unlock.

Unlock in case of power failure
The charging cable is unlocked in the event of a power failure. By default, the charging cable remains locked in the event of a power failure for reasons of theft protection. To unlock the charging cable, the Wattpilot must be supplied with power again.

Grounding test

Activation or deactivation of the grounding test. It is necessary to deactivate the grounding test in insulated grids in some countries (e.g., Norway).

ID chips

Up to 10 ID chips can be used. The ID chip is used for authentication and for recording user-specific charging amounts.

NOTE!

One ID chip can be taught in for several Fronius Wattpilot devices.

Learning an ID chip

1 Hold the **ID chip** in front of the card reader of the Wattpilot.

2 Click on "Teach in **ID chip**" in the app.

Renaming an ID chip

1 Tap the corresponding entry.

2 Enter the desired name and tap "Save".

NOTE!

The **ID chips** and the charging amount remain stored in the event of a reset.

Password

The password protects against unauthorized access to the Wattpilot.

Password guidelines
- At least 10 characters
- At least three of the following four strings: Upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, special characters
- No umlauts (ä, ö, etc.)
- No paragraph sign (§)

Technician password
If the technician password is activated, it is required to access **Grid settings**, **Digital input** and **Load balancing**.

NOTE!

If the password has been forgotten, contact the support team.

Grid settings

Proceed as follows to call up the "**Grid settings**".

Technician password (if set)

1 Click on "**Grid settings**".

2 Enter the "**Technician password**".

3 Click "**OK**".

Choose country
Different charging conditions are allowed depending on the country. In this selection, all known default settings for the respective country are stored and can be selected directly.

Max. charging current
This setting is used to adjust the maximum charging current of the Wattpilot. Higher charging currents can no longer be selected.

> ***NOTE!***
> PV optimization works best when the maximum charging current is set as high as the maximum allowed in the respective country. To start charging, the value must be higher than the minimum current in the vehicle settings.

Max. 1-phase charging current
In some countries, charging via household sockets is only permitted up to a certain amperage. The Wattpilot automatically detects that it is a 1-phase socket and limits the current to the set value.

> ***NOTE!***
> For camping sockets, there is no need to set a special limit for the maximum 1-phase charging current.

General—Random maximum delay
Random charging start delay when using flexible electricity tariffs, charging timer, or after a power failure. Random delay means that the grid is not overloaded when several Wattpilots start charging at the same time.

Phase unbalanced load
Activate and set the maximum asymmetry. Set the maximum asymmetry in accordance with the applicable regulations. Also see Phase unbalanced load on page 25.

Digital input

The digital input can be used with the Fronius Wattpilot Home 2.0.

The digital input in the mains lead can be used to limit the charging current, e.g., for charge release via a keylock switch or for the grid operator to connect to a ripple control receiver. The digital input settings can be protected with the technician password (Settings > Password > Protect digital input).

NO = Normally open
The red and white cables must be connected together to limit the charging power or charging current.

NC = Normally closed
The red and white cables must not be connected to limit the charging power or charging current.

Internet

Connection

The following connection options can be configured in the "Internet" menu:
- WLAN
  - Configured networks and available networks are listed. More networks can be added.
  - For further information see chapter Connecting via WLAN on page 54.
- Hot spot password
  - Set the hot spot password.
  - For further information see chapter Connecting via WLAN on page 54.
  - Select whether the hotspot is always active or only when the Wi-Fi connection is interrupted.
- Advanced settings
  - Activate or deactivate "Allow Internet connection". If "Allow Internet connection" is deactivated, functions such as the flexible electricity tariff, time synchronization, or app connection to the Internet are not possible.
- OCPP
  - Configuration of the Open Charge Point Protocol (free charging point communication standard).
  - For further information see chapter OCPP on page 64.

OCPP

The charging point communication standard OCPP (Open Charge Point Protocol) is a universal communication protocol for charging infrastructures. It enables communication between the Fronius Wattpilot and a management system, via which, for example, the load distribution of an infrastructure or the billing is carried out. Setup is carried out via a remote server provider or locally.

Activate OCPP
Activation or deactivation of OCPP.

Address
The address of the OCPP server must be made available by the provider and entered in the OCPPmenu of the app.

Phase assignment
Make settings for how the phases of the Wattpilot are assigned compared to a smart meter. This is, for example, necessary for the load balancing to function correctly.

Status
The following status indicators are available:
- Not connected: OCPP is not activated and is not connected to a management system.
- Started: OCPP is activated, but there is no successful connection to the management system yet.
- Connected: OCPP is activated and there is a connection to the management system, but it has not yet been accepted.
- Connected and accepted: OCPP is activated and there is a connection to the management system, the connection has been accepted.

User-defined certificate
Option to enter a self-created OCPP certificate.

Alternative ID
If a charging process is started without authentication with an ID chip (Access

management > Authentication > Open), an alternative ID that is sent to the backend can be stored.

Restart

After confirming the restart, the Wattpilot is restarted; the most recent settings remain saved.

Firmware update

The current firmware of the Wattpilot is loaded via the Internet. The "Internet" menu shows which firmware version is installed and whether an update is available.

Firmware update

1. Click on "Update available".
2. Select available version.
3. Click "Update firmware"
4. After a firmware update, check whether the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app also needs to be updated.

The Fronius Solar.wattpilot app can be updated via the respective platform (Google Play Store, App Store).

Beta

If a new beta version of the firmware is provided, you can install and test it in advance. Please send us your feedback on the beta versions.

Changing firmware

The old firmware remains stored on the Wattpilot after an update. In the event of an error, it is also possible to switch between the old and the new firmware version without an Internet connection.

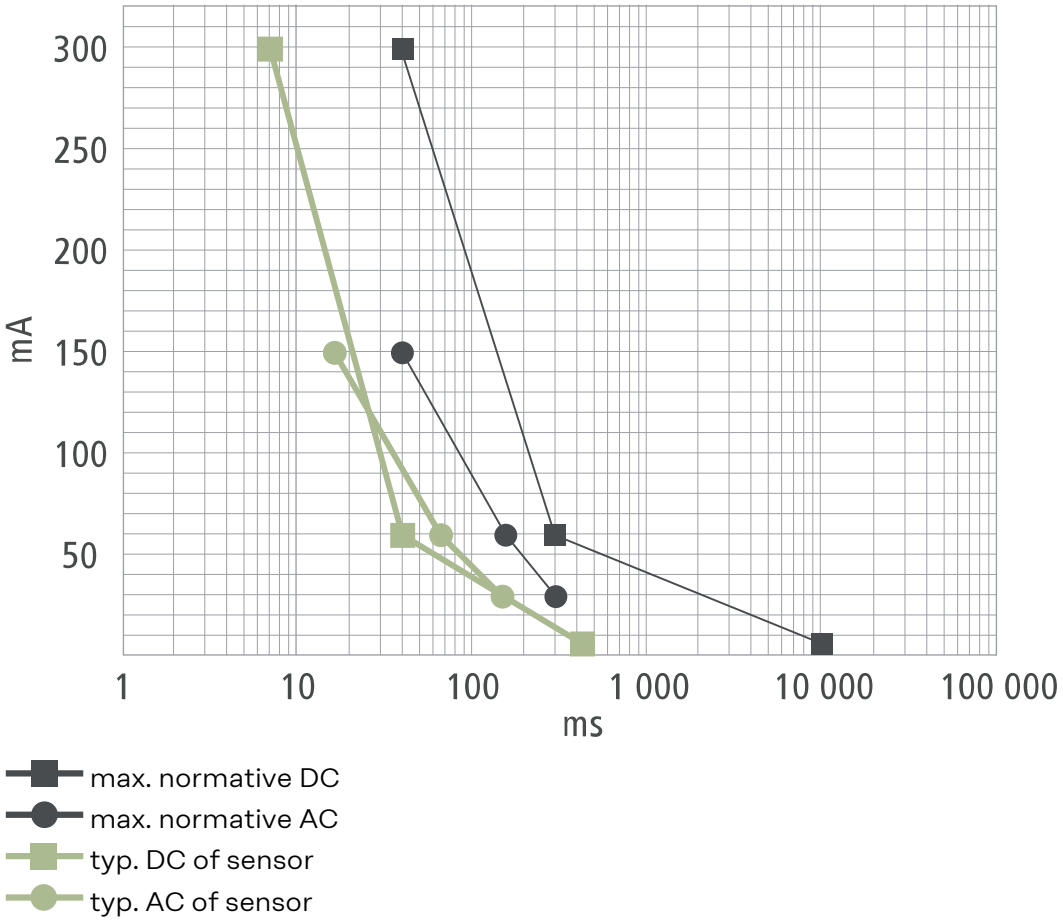
Appendix

General

Residual current-detection

The device has a built-in residual current protection module with residual current detection (IΔn = 20 mA AC and 6 mA DC).

The residual current detection tripping characteristic is as follows.



NOTE!

The Wattpilot Flex has a built-in residual current protection module with residual current detection. A separate residual current circuit breaker (type A, IΔn = 30 mA AC) must be connected upstream of the installation. Comply with all national regulations and standards during installation.

Safety functions

- RFID access control (ID chip, reset card)
- Theft-proof charging socket lock
- Cable protection (lock not included)
- Residual current device with DC detection, 20 mA_{AC}, 6 mA_{DC}
- Phase and voltage testing of the input voltage
- Auxiliary contact on the relays for checking the switching function
- Grounding detection (can be switched off, Norway mode)
- Current sensor, 3-phase
- Adapter recognition with automatic reduction to 16 A (Wattpilot Go 22 J 2.0)
- Temperature monitoring

Standard settings

The Wattpilot works with the following standard settings during start-up, without making any further settings in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app. The standard settings can be restored with the reset card.

Charging mode	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Eco Mode	Off	
Next Trip Mode	Off	

Current level	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Level 1 (gentle)	6 A	10 A
Level 2	10 A	16 A
Level 3	12 A	20 A
Level 4	14 A	24 A
Level 5 (rapid)	16 A	32 A

Next Trip Mode	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Minimum range [km] or [kWh]	100 [km] [18.00 kWh]	
Until [time]	06:00	
Eco Mode after Next Trip Mode	On	
Consumption over 100 km	18 [kWh]	

Cost optimization	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Use Lumina Strom / aWattar	Off	
Country	Germany	
Eco Mode price limit	3 cents	
Use PV surplus	On	
Inverter	First found, otherwise empty	
PV battery threshold	20%	
Ohmpilot threshold	20 °C	
PV surplus	For advanced settings, see the following table	
Car	For advanced settings, see the following table	

PV surplus	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Start-up power level	1.40 kW	
Zero feed-in	Off	
Control response	Standard	

Car	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Choose car	Standard charging behavior	
Minimum current	6 A	
Forced charging interval	0 min	
Allow charging pause	On	
Simulate unplugging	Off	
Charging pause	0 min	
Minimum charging time	5 min	
Choose phase switch	Automatic	
3-phase power level	4.20 kW	
Phase switch delay	2 min	
Phase switch interval	10 min	
Charging timer	Charging timer deactivated	

Brightness	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Brightness	Max.	
Switch off LEDs after 10 s in standby	Off	

LED colors	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Ready	R = 0, G = 0, B = 255	
Charging	R = 0, G = 255, B = 255	
Done	R = 0, G = 255, B = 0	

Time zone	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Time zone	GMT+1:00 ECT European Central Time	
Automatic summer time changeover	On	
Local time	Automatic	

Access management	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Authentication	Open	
Lock mode selection	Never locked	
Current level selection locked	Never locked	

Cable release	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Cable release	Standard mode	
Unlock in case of power failure	Off	

Grounding control	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Grounding control	Activated	

Additional settings	Go 11 J 2.0 / Home 11 J 2.0	Go 22 J 2.0 / Go 22 J 2.0 AUS / Home 22 J 2.0
Grounding control	Activated	
ID chip	Supplied ID chip is taught in	
Allow Internet connection	On	

Technical data

Wattpilot Go 11 J 2.0

Fronius Wattpilot—technical data	Go 11 J 2.0
Max. charging power	11 kW
Mains supply types	TT / TN / IT
Grid connection	CEE-plug red 16 A, 5-pin 30 cm incl. neutral conductor
Nominal voltage	230 and 240 V (1-phase) / 400 and 415 V (3-phase)
Nominal current (configurable)	6 - 16 A 1-phase or 3-phase
Mains frequency	50 Hz
Power consumption in standby	1.9 W (LED dark), 4.2 W (LED bright)
Charging socket	Infrastructure-side type 2-socket with mechanical locking
Residual current protection device	20 mA_{AC}, 6 mA_{DC}
Supply line conductor cross-section	Min. 2.5 mm^2
RFID (radio frequency identification)	13.56 MHz
WiFi	IEEE 802.11b/g/n | 2.4 GHz
Supported safety standards	WEP, WPA, WPA2, WPA3
Ingress protection rating	IP 65
Impact resistance	IK08
Dimensions (width x height x depth)	155 x 287 x 109 mm
Weight	2 kg
Use	Indoors and outdoors No direct sunlight
Installation type	Vertical
Ambient temperature	-25 to +40 °C
Average ambient temperature over 24 hours	Max. 35 °C
Humidity	5 - 95%
Altitude	0 - 2000 m

Wattpilot Go 22 J 2.0

Fronius Wattpilot—technical data	Go 22 J 2.0
Max. charging power	22 kW
Mains supply types	TT / TN / IT
Grid connection	CEE-plug red 32 A, 5-pin 30 cm incl. neutral conductor

Fronius Wattpilot—technical data	Go 22 J 2.0
Nominal voltage	230 and 240 V (1-phase) / 400 and 415 V (3-phase)
Nominal current (configurable)	6 - 32 A 1-phase or 3-phase
Mains frequency	50 Hz
Power consumption in standby	1.9 W (LED dark), 4.2 W (LED bright)
Charging socket	Infrastructure-side type 2-socket with mechanical locking
Residual current protection device	20 mA_{AC}, 6 mA_{DC}
Supply line conductor cross-section	Min. 6 mm^2
RFID (radio frequency identification)	13.56 MHz
WiFi	IEEE 802.11b/g/n | 2.4 GHz
Supported safety standards	WEP, WPA, WPA2, WPA3
Ingress protection rating	IP 65
Impact resistance	IK08
Dimensions (width x height x depth)	155 x 287 x 109 mm
Weight	2 kg
Use	Indoors and outdoors No direct sunlight
Installation type	Vertical
Ambient temperature	-25 to +40 °C
Average ambient temperature over 24 hours	Max. 35 °C
Humidity	5 - 95%
Altitude	0 - 2000 m

Wattpilot Go 22 J 2.0 A US

Fronius Wattpilot—technical data	Go 22 J 2.0 AUS
Max. charging power	22 kW
Mains supply types	TT / TN / IT
Grid connection	3-phase connector 32 A (AU), 30 cm incl. neutral conductor
Nominal voltage	230 and 240 V (1-phase) / 400 and 415 V (3-phase)
Nominal current (configurable)	6 - 32 A 1-phase or 3-phase
Mains frequency	50 Hz
Power consumption in standby	1.9 W (LED dark), 4.2 W (LED bright)
Charging socket	Infrastructure-side type 2-socket with mechanical locking

Fronius Wattpilot—technical data	Go 22 J 2.0 AUS
Residual current protection device	20 mA_{AC}, 6 mA_{DC}
Supply line conductor cross-section	Min. 6 mm^2
RFID (radio frequency identification)	13.56 MHz
WiFi	IEEE 802.11b/g/n | 2.4 GHz
Supported safety standards	WEP, WPA, WPA2, WPA3
Ingress protection rating	IP 65
Impact resistance	IK08
Dimensions (width x height x depth)	155 x 287 x 109 mm
Weight	2 kg
Use	Indoors and outdoors No direct sunlight
Installation type	Vertical
Ambient temperature	-25 to +40 °C
Average ambient temperature over 24 hours	Max. 35 °C
Humidity	5 - 95%
Altitude	0 - 2000 m

Wattpilot Home 11 J 2.0

Fronius Wattpilot—technical data	Home 11 J 2.0
Max. charging power	11 kW
Mains supply types	TT / TN / IT
Grid connection	5-pin cable 180 cm incl. neutral conductor
Nominal voltage	230 and 240 V (1-phase) / 400 and 415 V (3-phase)
Grid current (configurable)	6 - 16 A 1-phase or 3-phase
Mains frequency	50 Hz
Power consumption in standby	1.9 W (LED dark), 4.2 W (LED bright)
Charging socket	Infrastructure-side type 2-socket with mechanical locking
Residual current protection device	20 mA_{AC}, 6 mA_{DC}
Supply line conductor cross-section	Min. 2.5 mm^2
RFID (radio frequency identification)	13.56 MHz
WiFi	IEEE 802.11b/g/n | 2.4 GHz
Supported safety standards	WEP, WPA, WPA2, WPA3
Ingress protection rating	IP 65
Impact resistance	IK08

Fronius Wattpilot—technical data	Home 11 J 2.0
Dimensions (width x height x depth)	155 x 287 x 109 mm
Weight	2 kg
Use	Indoors and outdoors No direct sunlight
Installation type	Vertical
Ambient temperature	-25 to +40 °C
Average ambient temperature over 24 hours	Max. 35 °C
Humidity	5 - 95%
Altitude	0 - 2000 m

Wattpilot Home 22 J 2.0

Fronius Wattpilot—technical data	Home 22 J 2.0
Max. charging power	22 kW
Mains supply types	TT / TN / IT
Grid connection	5-pin cable 180 cm incl. neutral conductor
Nominal voltage	230 and 240 V (1-phase) / 400 and 415 V (3-phase)
Grid current (configurable)	6 - 32 A 1-phase or 3-phase
Mains frequency	50 Hz
Power consumption in standby	1.9 W (LED dark), 4.2 W (LED bright)
Charging socket	Infrastructure-side type 2-socket with mechanical locking
Residual current protection device	20 mA_{AC}, 6 mA_{DC}
Supply line conductor cross-section	Min. 6 mm^2
RFID (radio frequency identification)	13.56 MHz
WiFi	IEEE 802.11b/g/n | 2.4 GHz
Supported safety standards	WEP, WPA, WPA2, WPA3
Ingress protection rating	IP 65
Impact resistance	IK08
Dimensions (width x height x depth)	155 x 287 x 109 mm
Weight	2 kg
Use	Indoors and outdoors No direct sunlight
Installation type	Vertical
Ambient temperature	-25 to +40 °C
Average ambient temperature over 24 hours	Max. 35 °C

Fronius Wattpilot—technical data	Home 22 J 2.0
Humidity	5 - 95%
Altitude	0 - 2000 m

Status codes and remedy

Status codes

Due to phase, voltage, and switching function checks of the Fronius Wattpilot, a charging operation may be rejected.

The status codes are displayed via the LED status indicator (see LED status indicator on page 20) directly on the Wattpilot and in the app under "Status".

1—Fault current detected (LEDs light up pink, the LEDs at the top flash red)

Cause: The residual current device has detected an error.

Remedy: The charging equipment in the vehicle may be defective. Have the charging equipment checked by a specialist.

Remedy: Disconnect and reconnect the charging cable.

3—At least one phase of the power supply is missing (the LEDs light up blue, the LEDs at the top flash red)

Cause: The device is only being supplied with 2 phases.

Remedy: Make sure that phase 2 and phase 3 are connected correctly. Option: a supply via phase 1 only is possible.

8—Grounding fault detected (the LEDs light up green and yellow, the LEDs at the top flash red)

Cause: Grounding fault detected.

Remedy: Check that the connection is properly grounded.

10—Relay fault detected

Cause: The relay has not switched.

Remedy: Disconnect the power supply to the device for 5 seconds.

11—Backup power mode detected

Cause: 53 Hz mains current detected.

Remedy: Observe the instructions in the Operating Instructions.

12—Type 2 plug locking failed

Cause: The plug locking system does not work.

Remedy: Remove possible foreign parts in the plug housing.

Cause: Type 2 plug not fully inserted.

Remedy: Insert the type 2 plug into the device as far as it will go until you hear a click.

13—Type 2 plug unlocking failed

Cause: The electric vehicle is plugged in.

Remedy: Unplug the electric vehicle.

Cause: "Always locked" under "Cable release" in the Solar.wattpilot app is activated.

Remedy: Deactivate "Always locked" under "Cable release" in the Solar.wattpilot app.

Cause: Release jammed.

Remedy: Insert the type 2 plug into the device as far as it will go until you hear a click. If the problem has still not been fixed: Press the pushbutton on the device. If the problem has still not been fixed: Activate and save "Always locked" in the Solar.wattpilot app, then activate and save "Standard mode" under "Cable release".

100—Internal communication error (all LEDs flash red)

Cause: Device is not sending data.

Remedy: Disconnect and reconnect device.

Remedy: Perform a firmware update.

Remedy: Return device.

101—Temperature too high (the LEDs light up yellow, the LEDs at the top flash red)

Cause: Continuous load.

Remedy: Disconnect device and allow to cool down.

Cause: Incorrectly installed cables.

Remedy: Disconnect device and allow to cool down.

105—No data available on the flexible electricity tariff (first or second LED—Eco Mode or Next Trip Mode—flashes red)

Cause: Flexible electricity tariff cannot be called up.

Remedy: Check WLAN and Internet connection.

Remedy Wait until the server is available again.

109—No connection to the inverter (first or second LED—Eco Mode or Next Trip Mode—flashes red)

Cause: The connection to the inverter cannot be established.

Remedy: Check the network settings.

Remedy: Check the settings of the inverter.

Remedy: Make sure that the Fronius Solar API is activated on the inverter.

114—For Eco Mode, PV surplus or flexible electricity tariff must be activated (Eco Mode LED flashes orange)

Cause: Eco Mode is selected and the "Use PV surplus" and "Use Lumina Strom / aWattar" settings are disabled.

Remedy: Activate the setting "Use PV surplus" and/or "Use Lumina Strom / aWattar".

Remedy: Change the mode.

Cause: "Use Lumina Strom / aWattar" is enabled and there is no data connection to the Internet. Cached price data is still available.

Remedy: Check the network settings.

115—The set amount of energy cannot be reached in the specified time (second LED—Next Trip Mode—flashes orange)

Cause: The specified time is not sufficient for the desired amount of energy.

Remedy: Extend the specified time for charging.

Remedy: Reduce the desired amount of energy.

116—Update of flexible electricity tariffs failed (first or second LED—Eco Mode or Next Trip Mode—flashes orange)

Cause: The connection cannot be established.

Remedy: Check the network settings.

The charging operation cannot be started, but all LEDs show the ready color (default blue).

Cause: The vehicle is not being detected.

Remedy: Check vehicle cable and fit of charging plugs

No LEDs light up after plugging in.

Cause: No power on the junction box.

Remedy: Check the overload fuse of the connection.

Cause: The brightness of the LEDs has been set to 0.

Remedy: Increase the brightness of the LEDs in the Fronius Solar.wattpilot app.

Cause: "Switch off LEDs after 10 s in standby" has been enabled.

Remedy: Deactivate "Switch off LEDs after 10 s in standby" or press the push button on the Wattpilot.

Terms and conditions of warranty and disposal

Fronius manufacturer's warranty

Detailed warranty conditions specific to your country can be found at www.fronius.com/solar/garantie .

Disposal

Waste electrical and electronic equipment must be collected separately and recycled in an environmentally sound manner in accordance with the European Directive and national law. Used equipment must be returned to the distributor or through a local authorized collection and disposal system. Proper disposal of the used device promotes sustainable recycling of resources and prevents negative effects on health and the environment.

Packaging materials

- Collect separately
- Observe local regulations
- Crush cardboard boxes

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At www.fronius.com/contact you will find the contact details of all Fronius subsidiaries and Sales & Service Partners.